

# Focus on the “how,” not the “what”: Using research to inform teaching

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# Session Outline

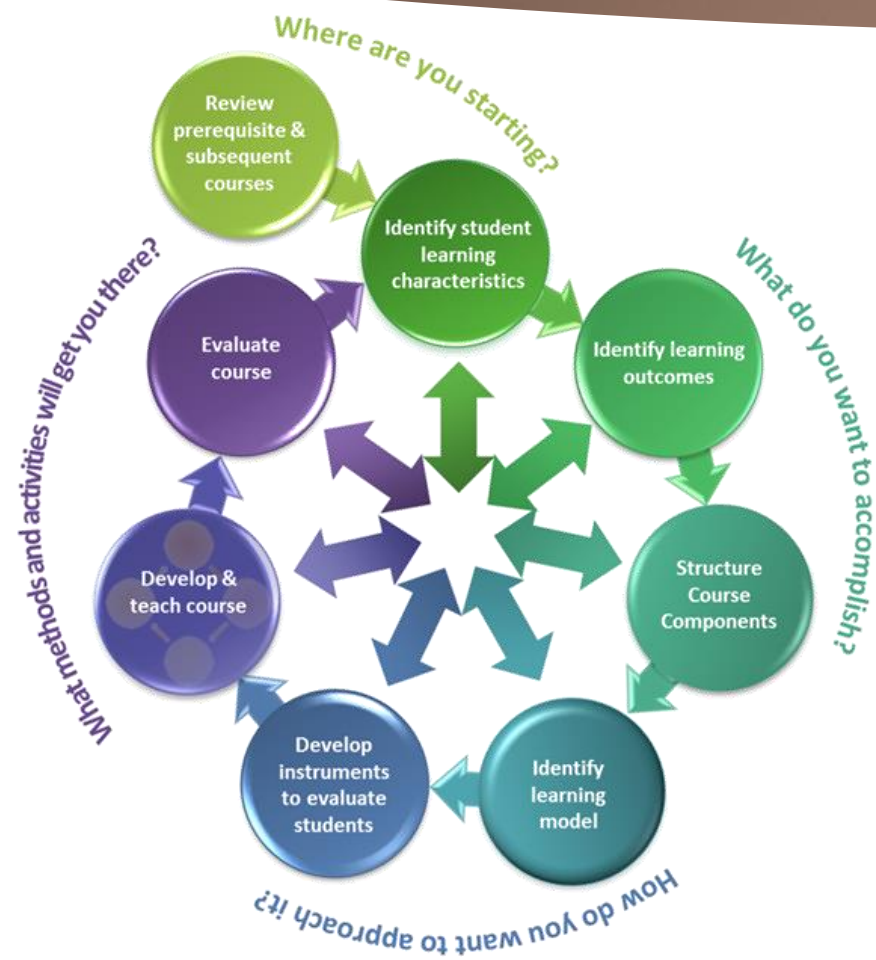
- ▶ Background on Course Transformation Program
- ▶ Data Collection
- ▶ Scholarship Examples
- ▶ Brainstorming & Discussion

# Course Transformation

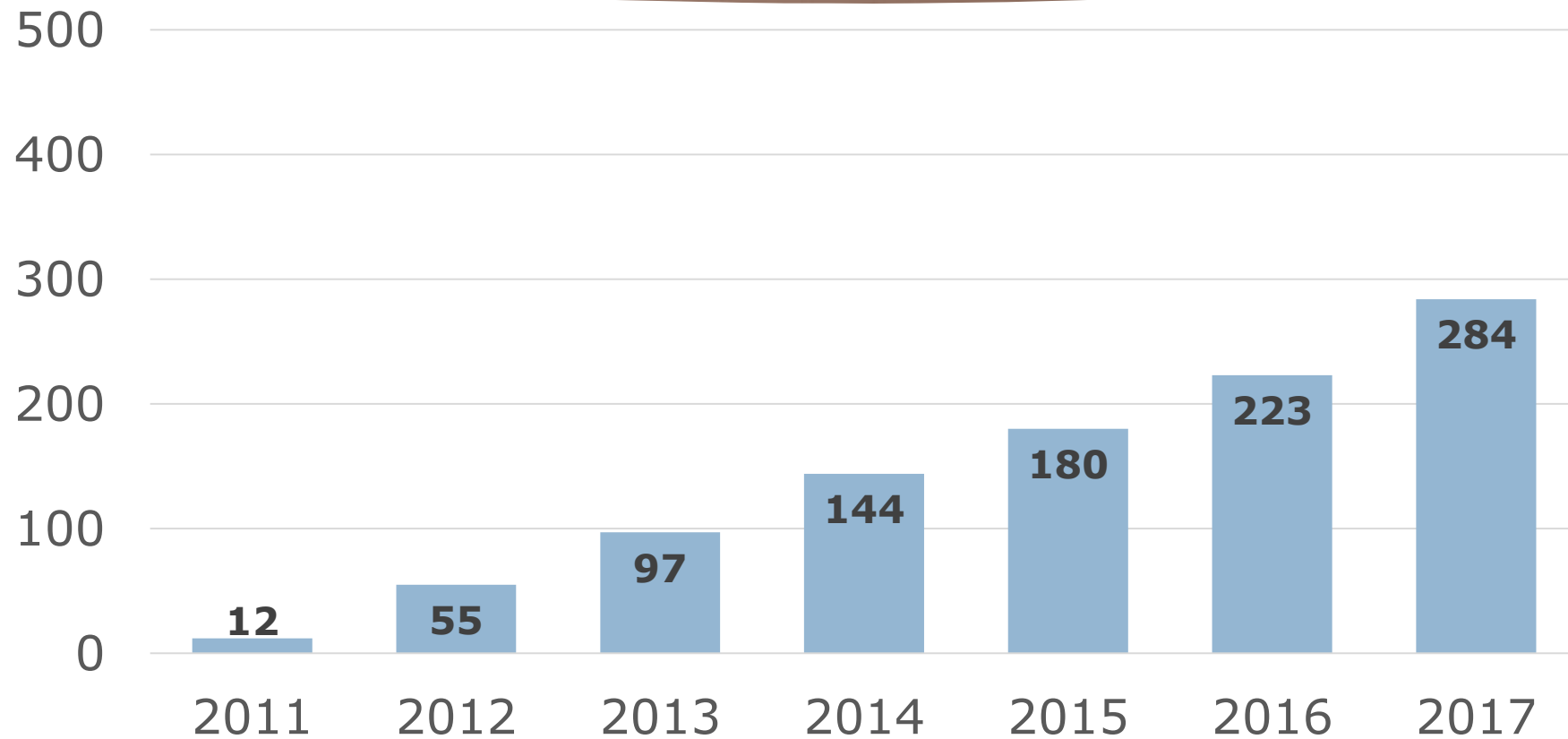
- ▶ Instruction Matters: Purdue Academic Course Transformation (IMPACT) Program
  - Semester-long course redesign program
  - Theoretical framework based on Self-Determination Theory



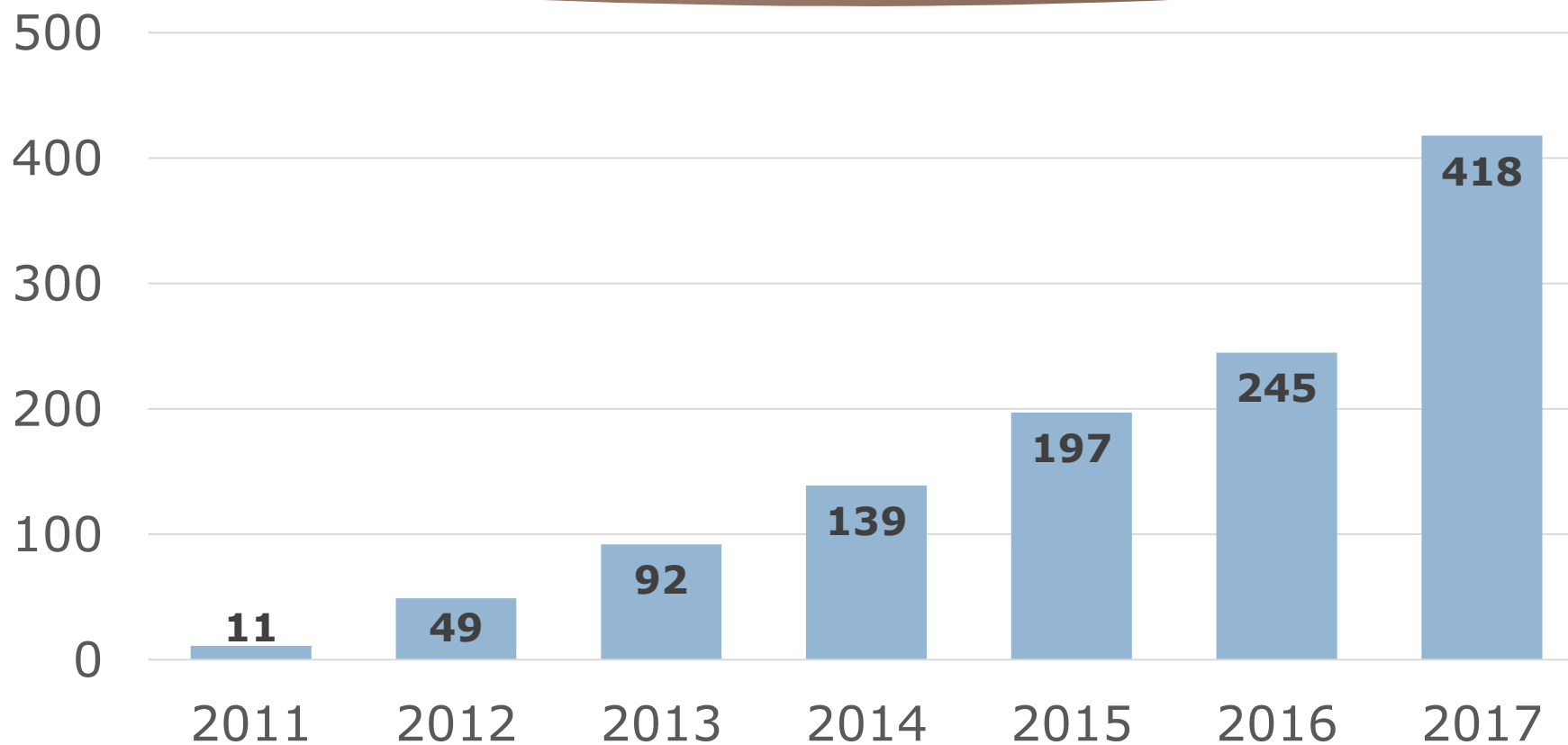
# IMPACT Faculty Learning Community



# IMPACT Scope – Faculty Fellows



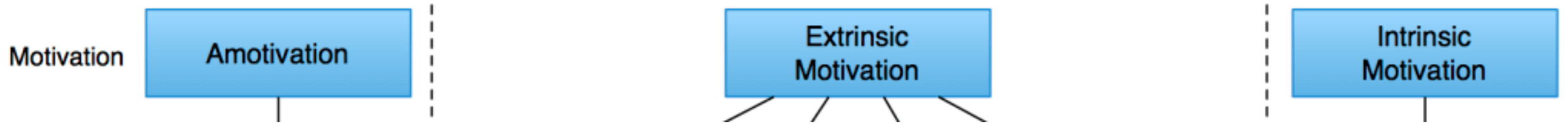
# IMPACT Scope – Course Transformations



# Self-Determination Theory - Motivation

Adapted from Deci & Ryan (2000)

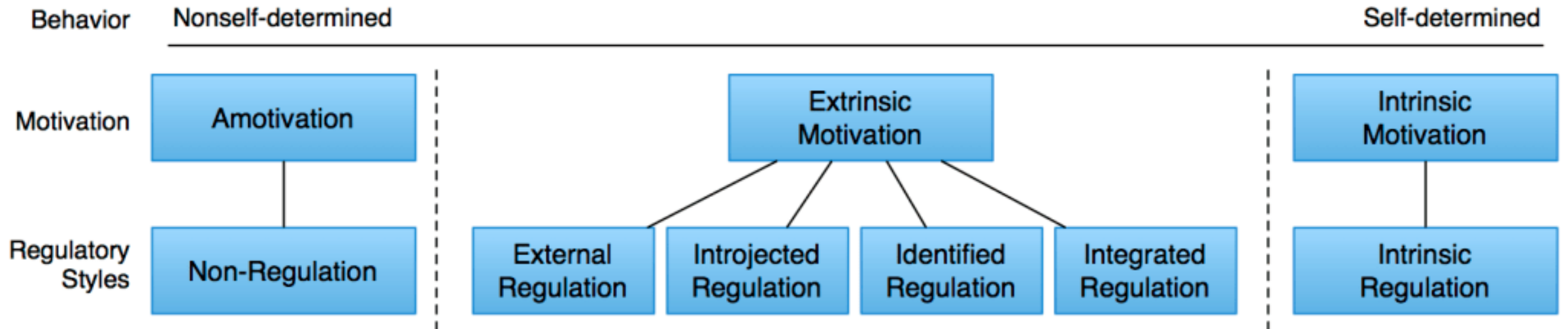
# Self-Determination Theory - Motivation



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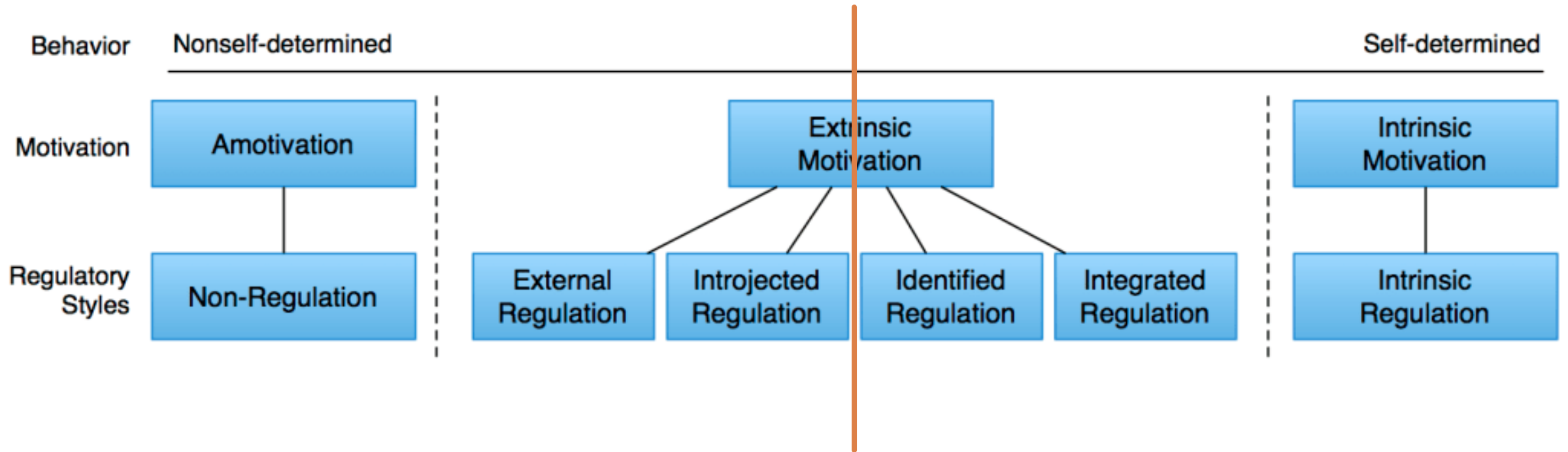


# Self-Determination Theory - Motivation



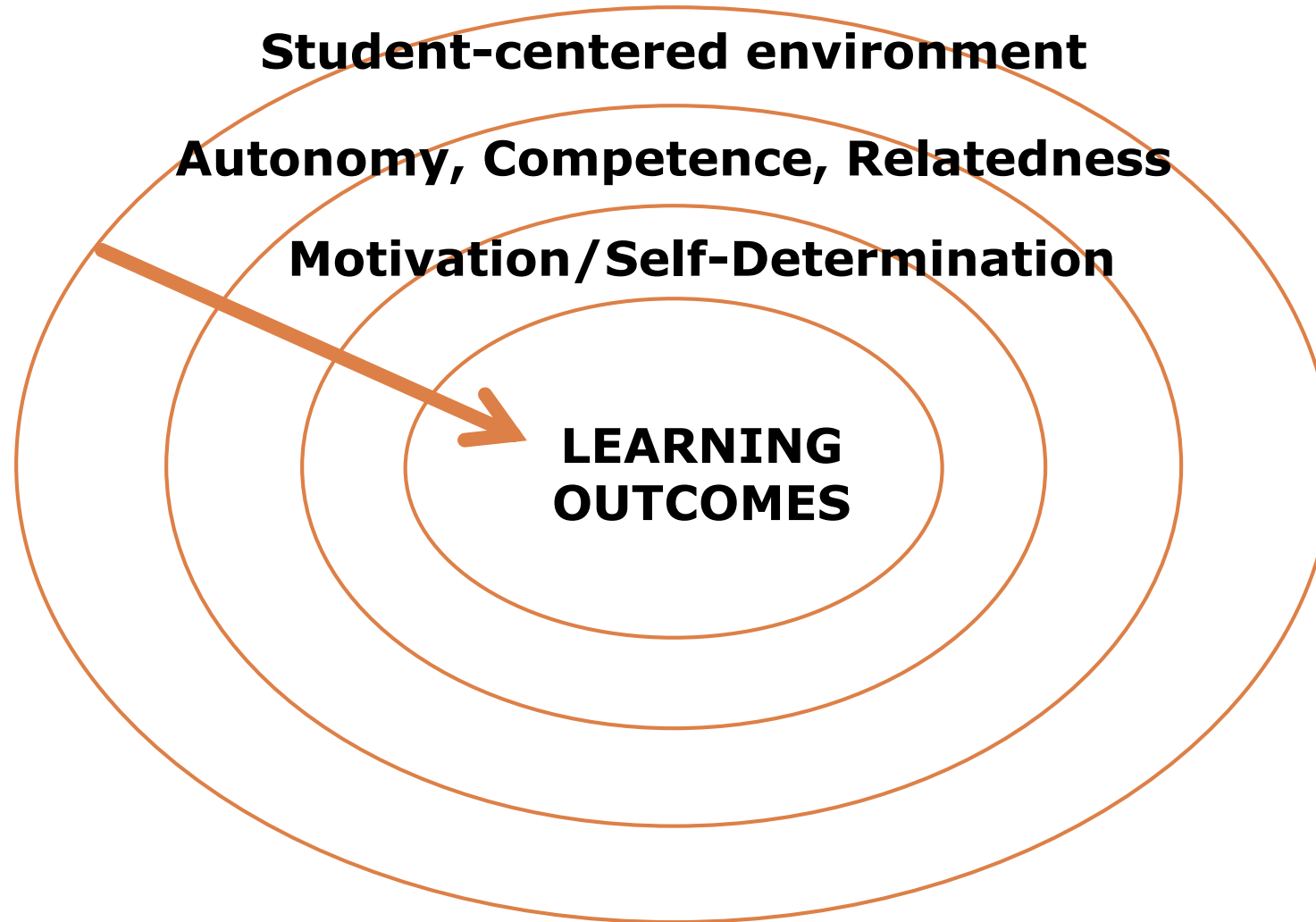
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# Self-Determination Theory - Motivation

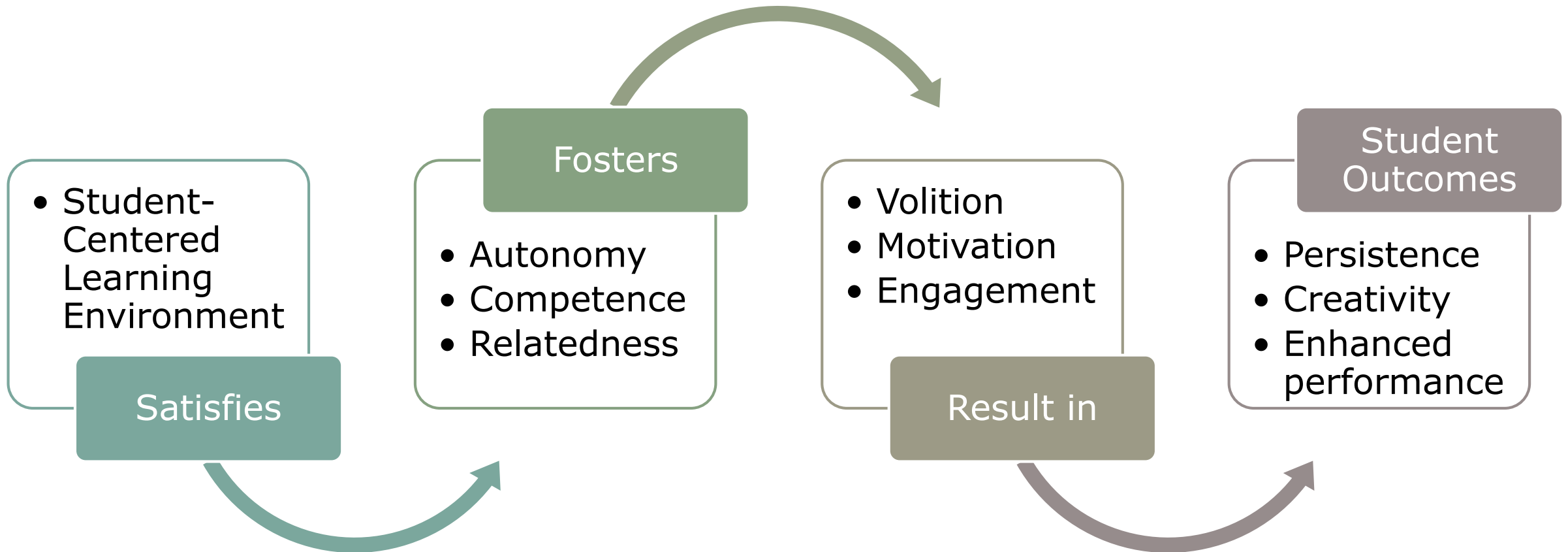


Adapted from Deci & Ryan (2000)

# Impact on Student-Learning



# Self-Determination Theory



# Impact Data Collection

## Faculty Data

- Redesign Goal
- Assessment Map
- Course Gradebook
- Faculty Perceptions
- "Dashboard" Survey

## Student Data

- Student Perceptions Survey
- Course Evaluations

## Registrar Data

- Student Demographics
- Course Grades
- Student Test Scores (e.g. SAT, ACT, TOEFL)

# "Dashboard" Survey

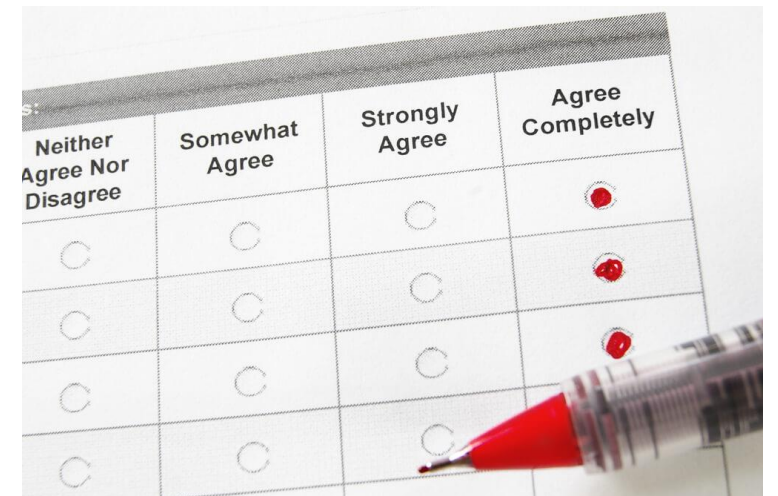
- ▶ Course Structure
- ▶ Pedagogy
- ▶ Assessment Techniques
- ▶ Learning Technologies



hotseat

# Student Perceptions Survey

- ▶ Learning Climate Questionnaire
- ▶ Situational Motivation Scale
- ▶ Basic Psychological Needs Scale
- ▶ Perceived Knowledge Transfer Scale



# Course Evaluation Data

- ▶ Overall Course Rating
- ▶ Overall Instructor Rating
- ▶ Student Assessments of Learning Gains





# Registrar Data

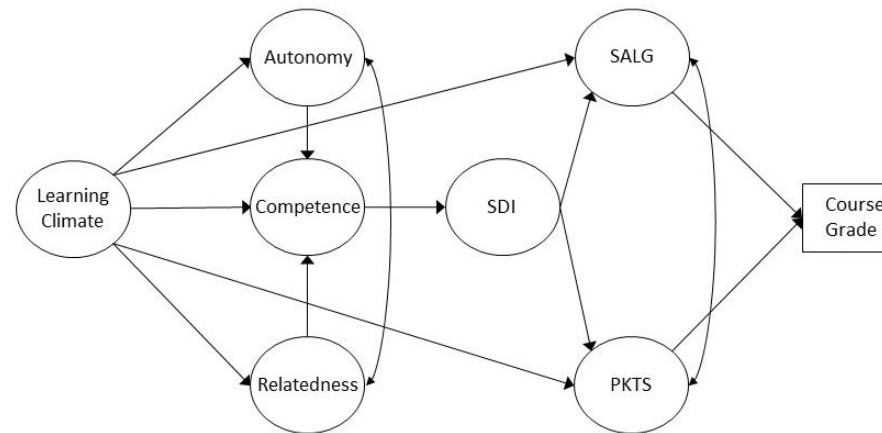
- ▶ Student Demographics
- ▶ Course Grades
- ▶ Student Test Scores (e.g. SAT, ACT, TOEFL)



# Types of SoTL Projects

## ► Large-Scale Projects

- Testing a theoretical model of SDT & student outcomes
- Examining the role of gender in theories of learning and motivation
- Assessing course redesign models across a large variety of disciplines



# Types of SoTL Projects

## ▶ Individual Course Projects

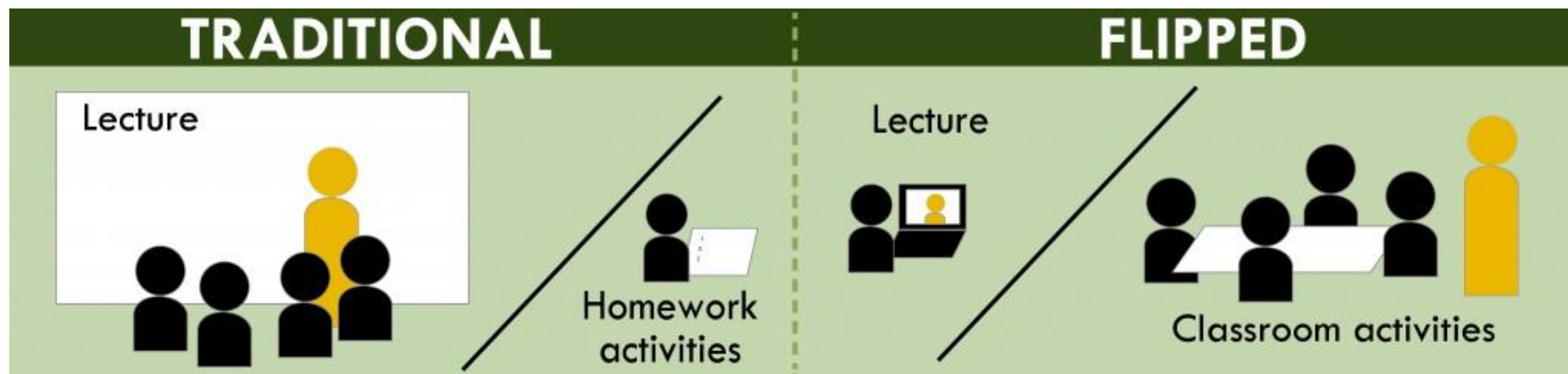
- Evaluating a course redesign pre-post
- Comparing sections of a single course with different teaching methods
- Assessing student gains across the semester

Research Designs	
Pre-IMPACT	Post-IMPACT
Control	Intervention
Start of Semester	End of Semester

# Large Scale Project Example

"WHAT" VS.  
"HOW":  
EXAMINING THE  
EFFECTS OF  
LEARNING CLIMATE  
VERSUS  
INSTRUCTION  
MODEL

# Course Redesign Approach: What is the "right" instruction model?



# Course Redesign Approach: There is no "right" instruction model

## Contact hours



VS



(Riffell & Sibley, 2005; Twigg, 2003; Willson, 2008; Yudko, Hirokawa, & Chi, 2006)

## Active Learning

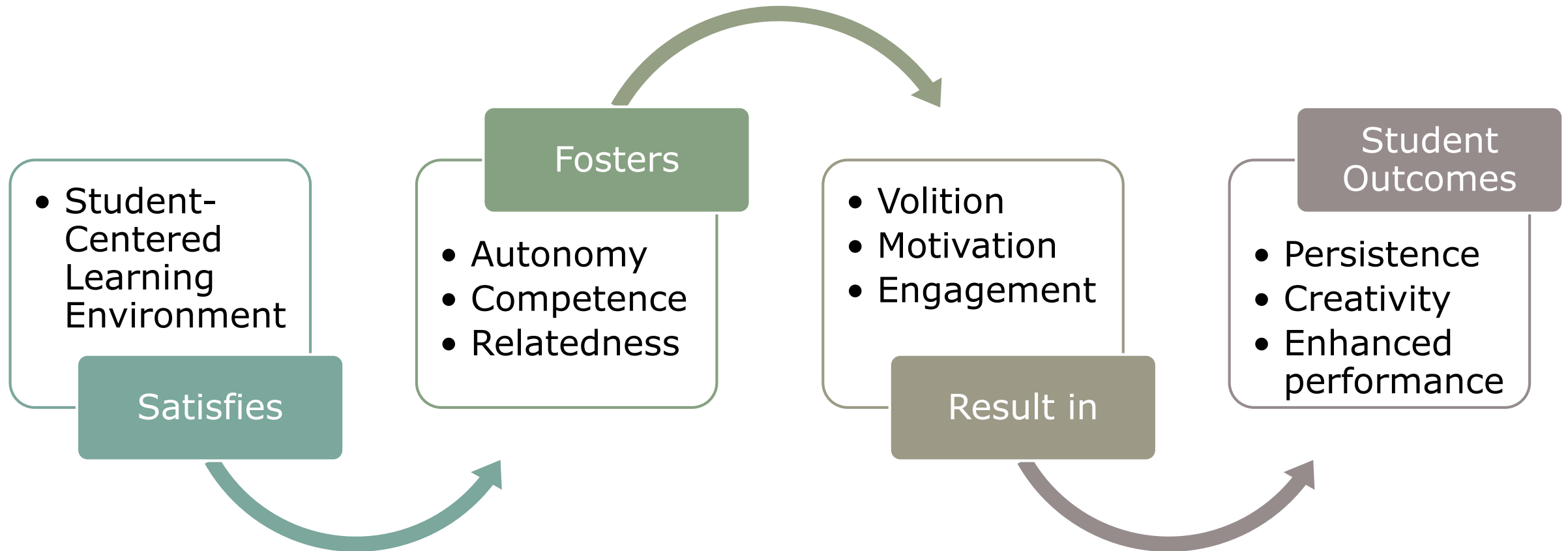


VS

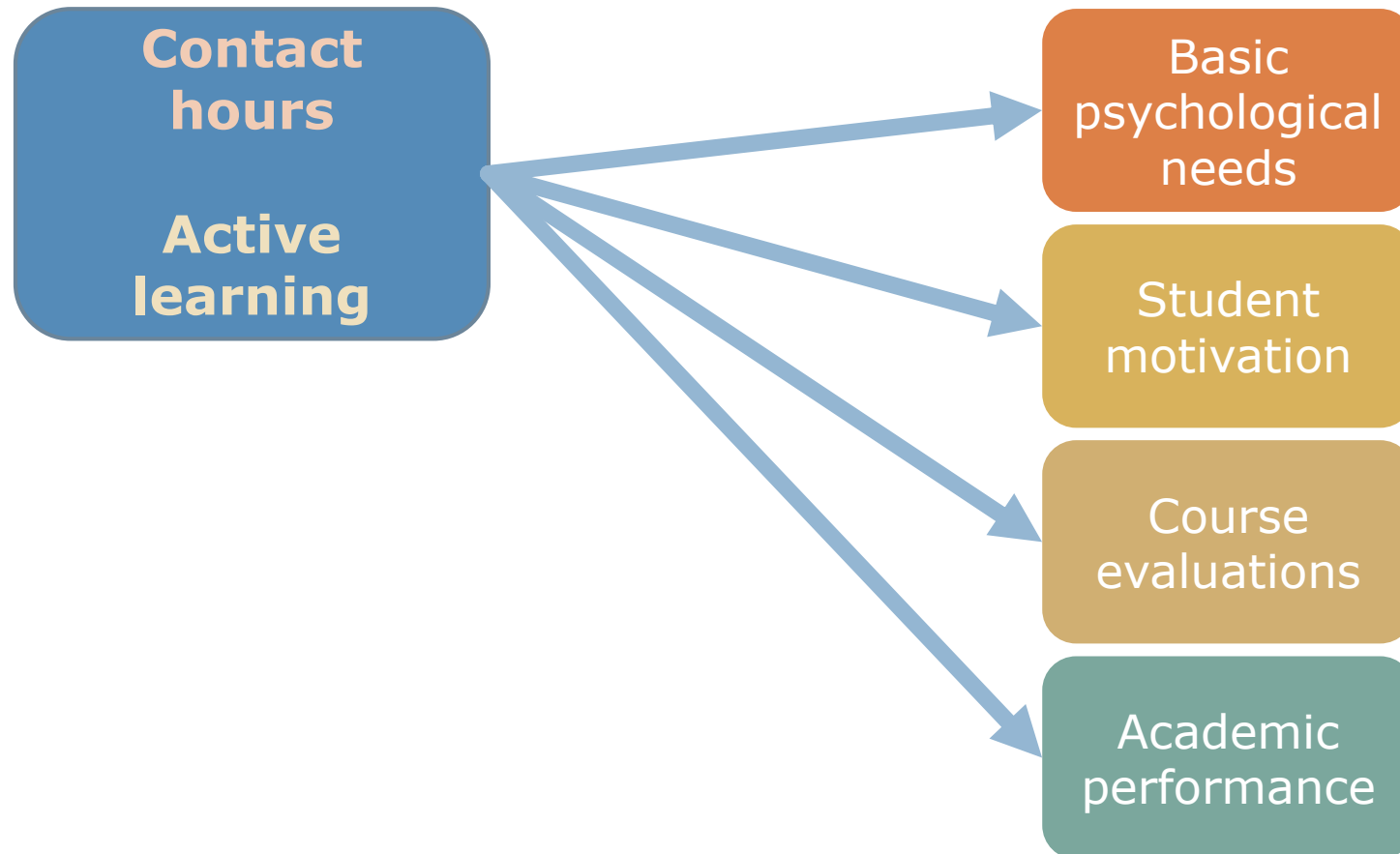


(Felder & Brent, 2016; Freedman, 2014; Seidel & Tanner, 2013; Strayer, 2012)

# Course Redesign Approach: Focus on the “how” instead of the “what”

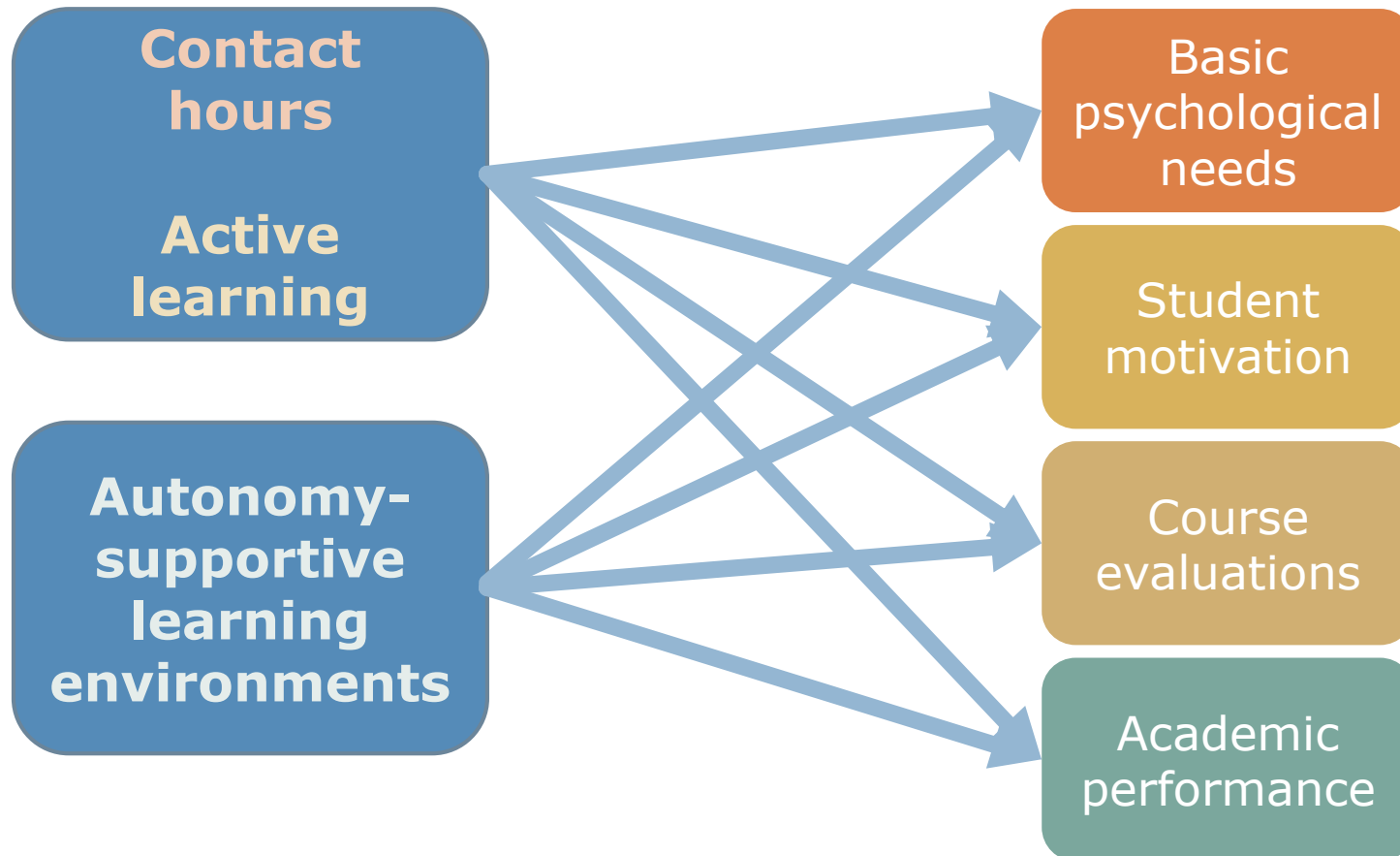


# Purpose of our research





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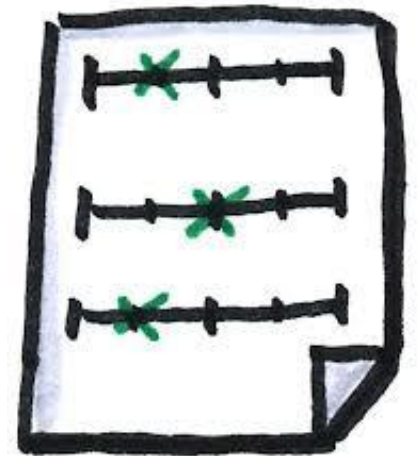


# Methods

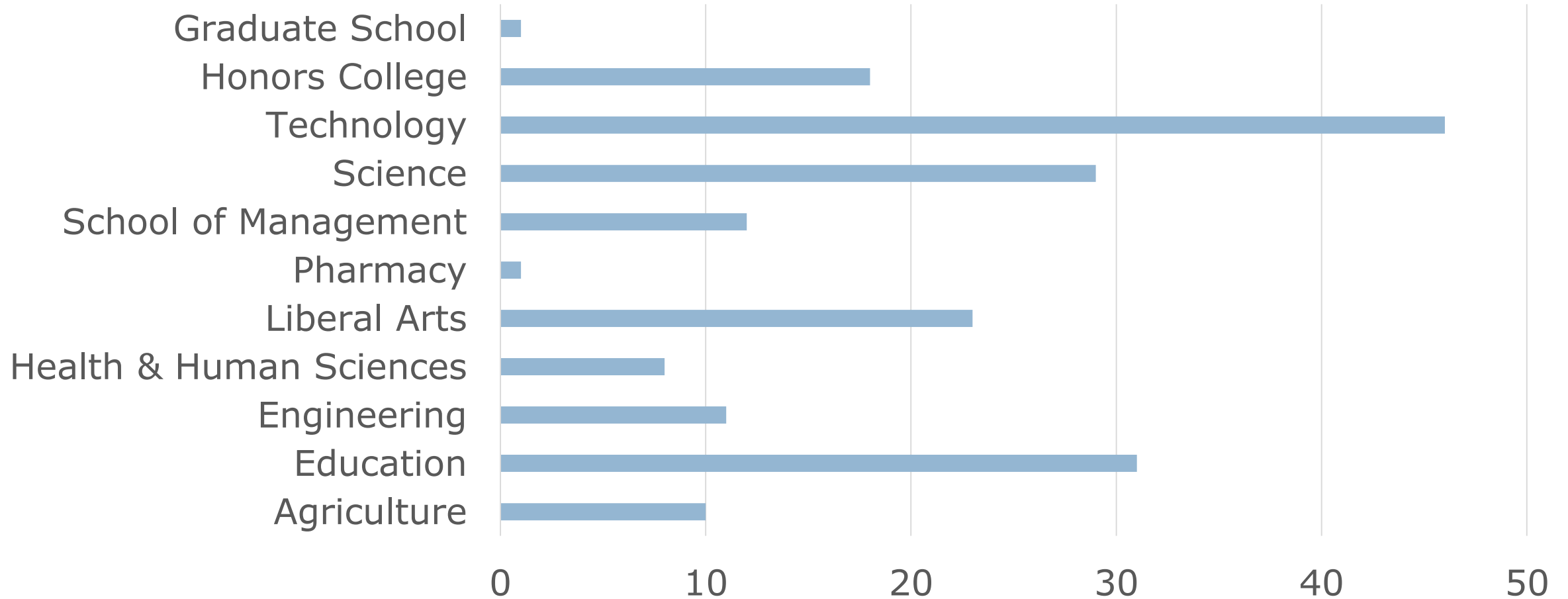


# Data Collection

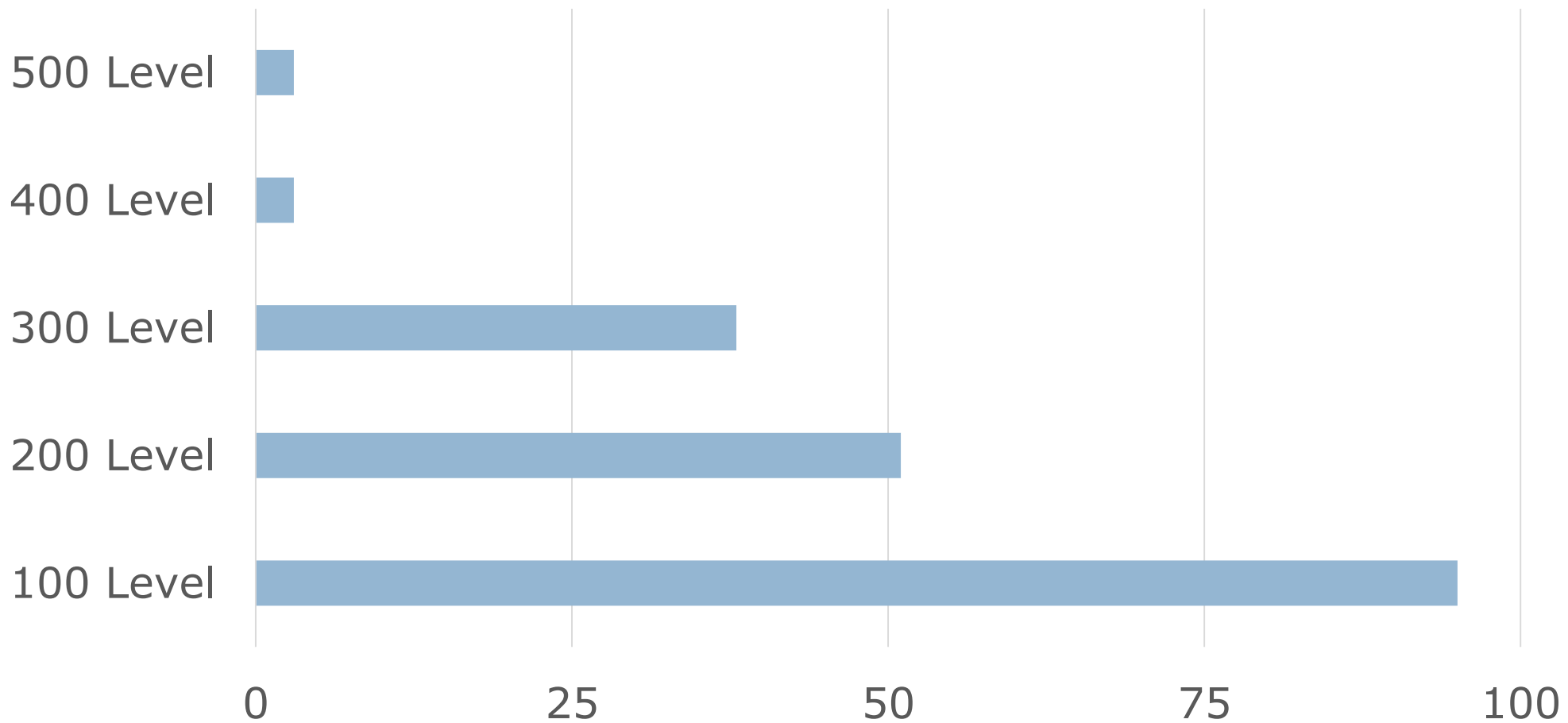
- ▶ Data were collected from students, faculty and the registrar across three semesters.
- ▶ 10,165 students from 190 course sections participated in the study.



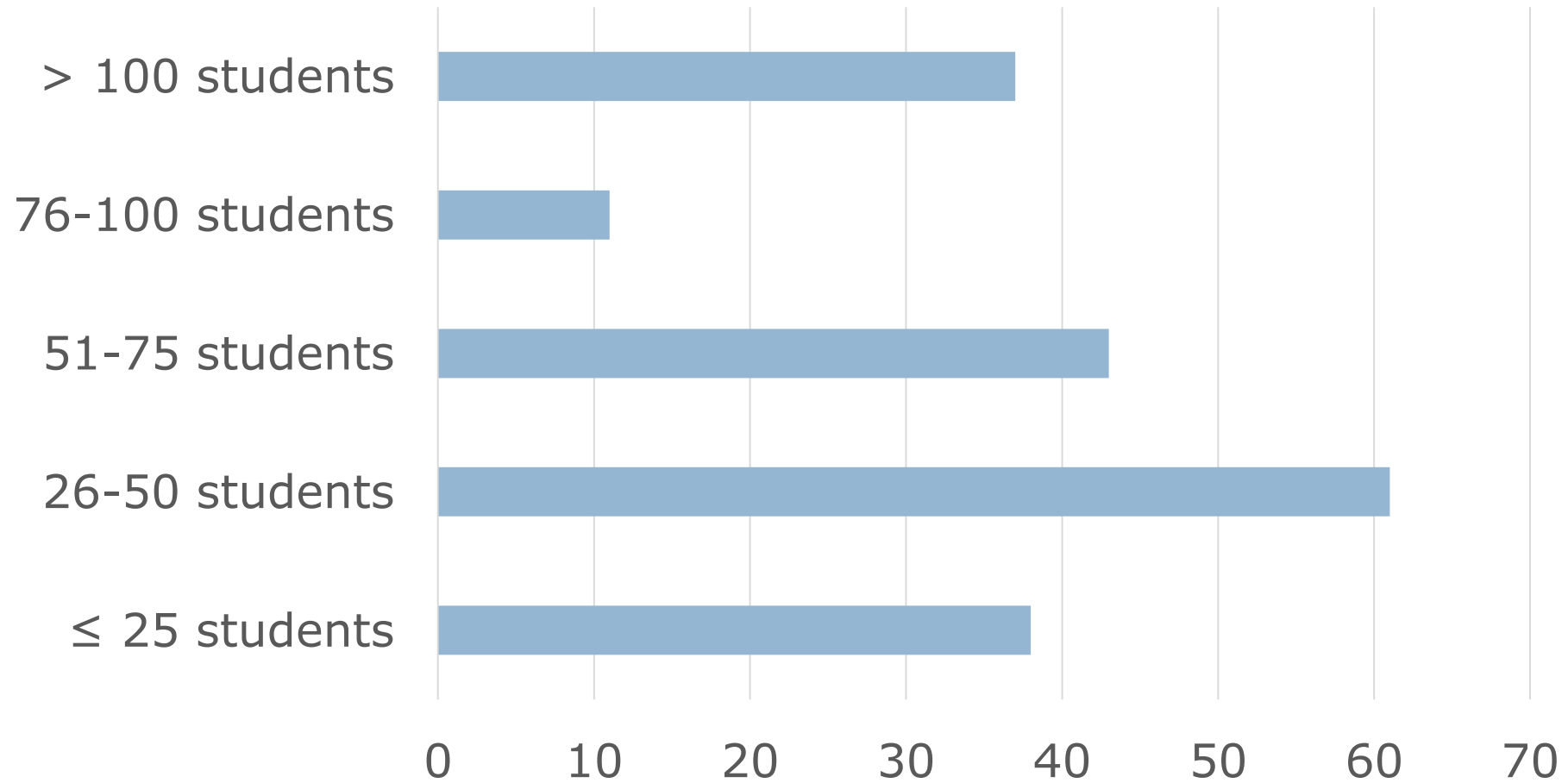
# Course Characteristics - Colleges



# Course Characteristics - Level



# Course Characteristics – Class Size



# Participants

Demographics	
Gender	45% Female, 55% Male
Age	18 to 55 ( $M = 19.82$ , $SD = 2.34$ )
Ethnicity	66% White, 18% International, 5% Asian, 3% Black/African-American, 4% Latino/Hispanic, 4% Other
Underrepresented Minority Status	9.0% underrepresented minority
Class Level	32% Freshmen, 32% Sophomores, 20% Juniors, 14% Seniors, 2% Graduate

# Study Variables

## Independent Variables

- ▶ “What”
  - ▶ Contact hours
  - ▶ Active learning
- ▶ “How”
  - ▶ Learning environment

## Dependent Variables

- ▶ Basic psychological needs satisfaction
- ▶ Self-determined motivation
- ▶ Course evaluations
- ▶ Student Assessment of Learning Gains
- ▶ Course grades



# Results



# Basic Psychological Needs: Autonomy

Dependent Variable	Independent Variable	Standardized Coefficient	Model Statistics		
			F	p	R <sup>2</sup>
Autonomy	Contact hours	.084**	381.86	< .001	.16
	Active learning	.068**			
	Learning environment	.388**			

# Basic Psychological Needs: Competence

Dependent Variable	Independent Variable	Standardized Coefficient	Model Statistics		
			F	p	R <sup>2</sup>
Competence	Contact hours	.077**	214.36	< .001	.10
	Active learning	.003			
	Learning environment	.310**			

# Basic Psychological Needs: Relatedness

Dependent Variable	Independent Variable	Standardized Coefficient	Model Statistics		
			F	p	R <sup>2</sup>
Relatedness	Contact hours	.070**	159.43	< .001	.08
	Active learning	.133**			
	Learning environment	.247**			

# Motivation: Self-Determination Index

Dependent Variable	Independent Variable	Standardized Coefficient	Model Statistics		
			F	p	R <sup>2</sup>
Self-Determination Index	Contact hours	.188**	220.3 5	< .001	.10
	Active learning	.000			
	Learning environment	.274**			

# Course Evaluations: Course Rating

Dependent Variable	Independent Variable	Standardized Coefficient	Model Statistics		
			F	p	R <sup>2</sup>
Course Rating	Contact hours	.198**	416.99	< .001	.14
	Active learning	-.039**			
	Learning environment	.324**			

# Course Evaluations: Instructor Rating

Dependent Variable	Independent Variable	Standardized Coefficient	Model Statistics		
			F	p	R <sup>2</sup>
Instructor Rating	Contact hours	.005	592.80	< .001	.19
	Active learning	-.036**			
	Learning environment	.435**			

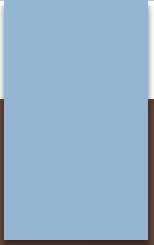
# Student Assessment of Learning Gains

Dependent Variable	Independent Variable	Standardized Coefficient	Model Statistics		
			F	p	R <sup>2</sup>
Student Assessment of Learning Gains	Contact hours	.137**	200.35	< .001	.08
	Active learning	-.042**			
	Learning environment	.243**			

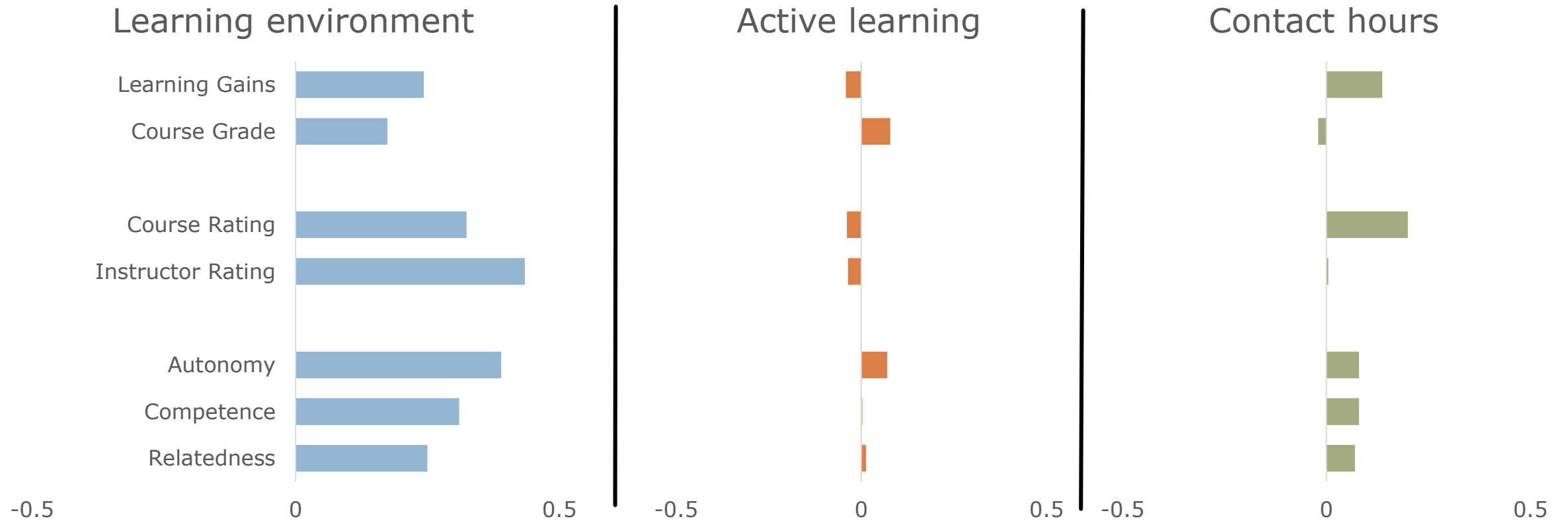


# Academic Achievement: Course Grade

Dependent Variable	Independent Variable	Standardized Coefficient	Model Statistics		
			F	p	R <sup>2</sup>
Course Grade	Contact hours	-.020*	207.72	< .001	.04
	Active learning	.078**			
	Learning environment	.174**			



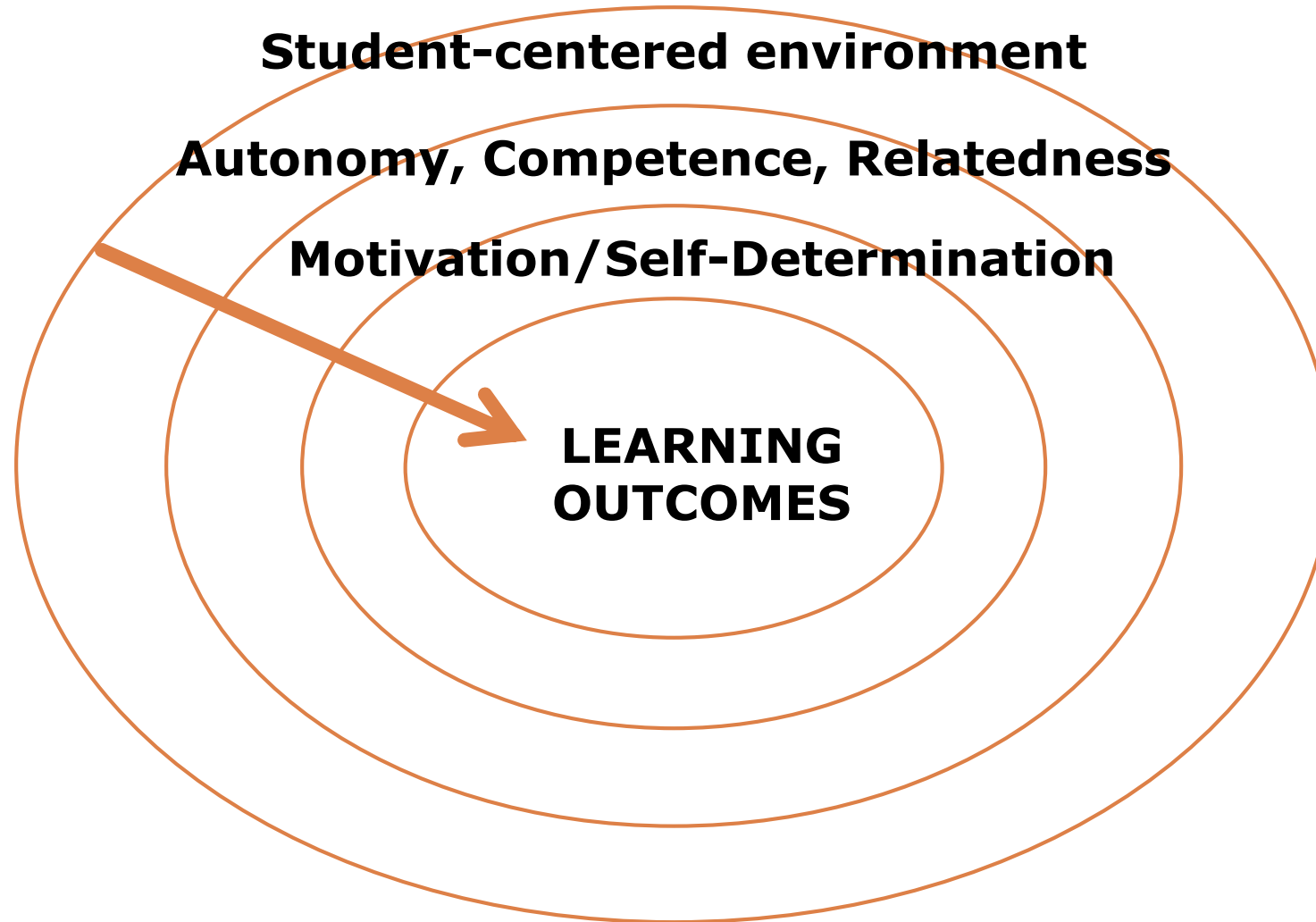
Learning environment had the greatest positive influence on all variables, with moderate to large effect sizes.



# Implications



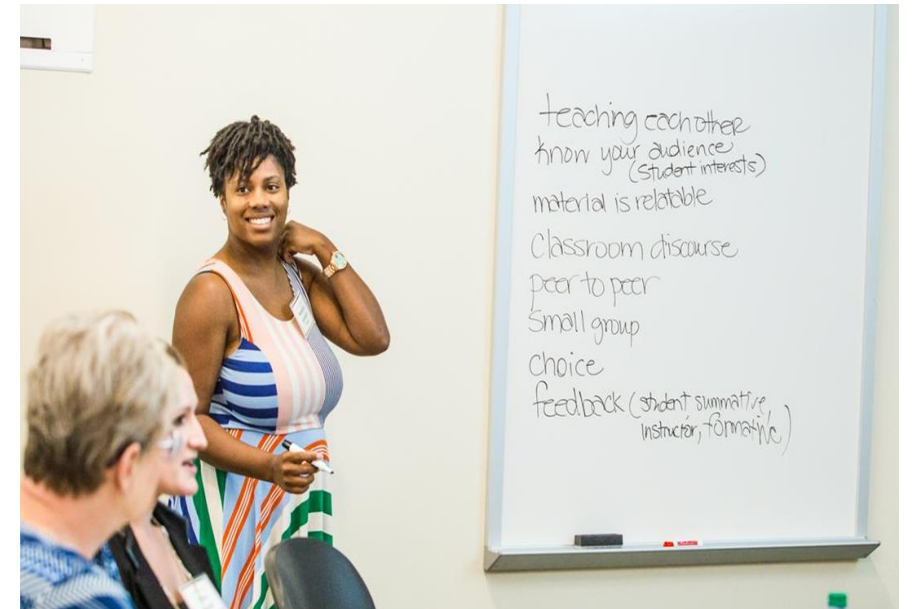
# Impact on Student-Learning



# Making your classroom student-centered

## Fostering Autonomy:

- ▶ Give students a voice in classroom policy
- ▶ Provide options on assignments
- ▶ Explain rationale for using active learning on first day of class



# Making your classroom student-centered



## Fostering Competence:

- ▶ Low and high-stakes assessments that require reflection
- ▶ Provide feedback to all students, frequently
- ▶ Describe how learning is assessed, use rubrics

# Making your classroom student-centered

## Fostering Relatedness:

- ▶ Include get-to-know-you activities
- ▶ Share personal anecdotes
- ▶ Encourage students to talk to each other, not just the instructor





# Future Directions

## **Interviews:**

Uncover strategies from faculty who were rated high on learning environment



## **Student reports:**

Collect student reports on face-to-face class time and amount of active learning



**Course observations:**  
Verify student and instructor reports



# Individual Course Project

REDESIGN OF AN  
INTRODUCTORY  
MACROECONOMIC  
COURSE TO  
EMPHASIZE  
HIGHER-ORDER  
LEARNING

# Economics Course

- ▶ Mostly First Years and Sophomores
- ▶ Face to face enrollment 250 to 350 each semester
- ▶ Satisfies a social science requirement for most majors on campus
- ▶ IMPACT redesign for Fall 2013



# IMPACT Epiphany

- ▶ Don't ask what you want your students to *know* after taking your course, ask what you want them to *be able to do*.

# Learning Outcomes Before IMPACT

- ▶ You will *learn* about the causes of inflation and unemployment, why economies grow or decline, and what government policy can (and cannot) do to help.
- ▶ You'll *learn* about the history of how we've tried to keep the economy stable and growing.
- ▶ You'll *learn* about the effects of war on the economy.
- ▶ You'll *learn* how the emerging global economy affects incomes, prices and your job prospects here in the U.S.

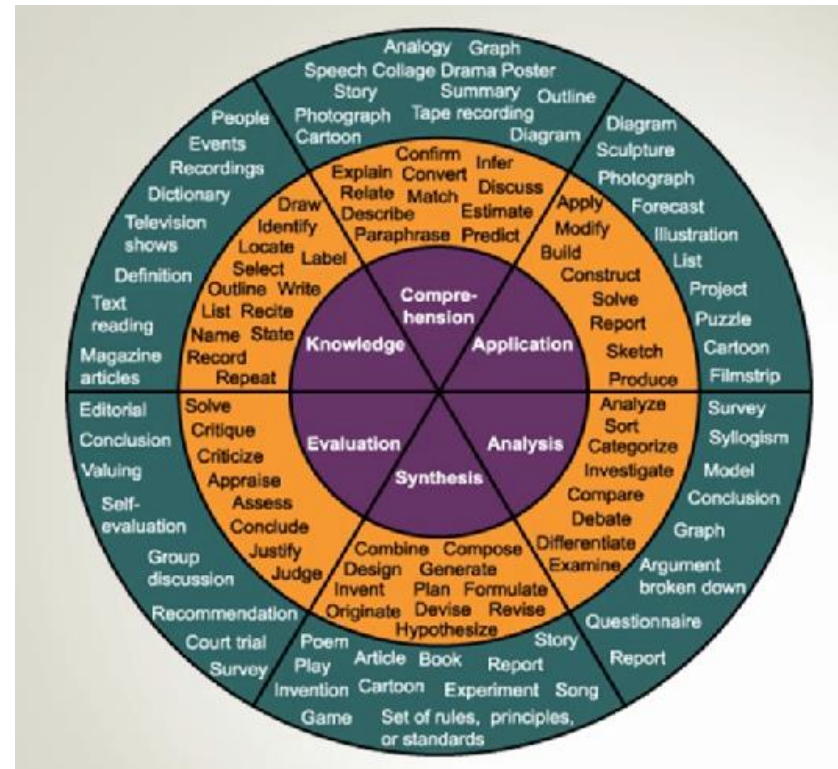
“You will recognize economics when you see it.”

# Learning Outcomes During IMPACT

## Drafting Exercise

Write **8 key skills or activities** students should be able to perform after completing the course

Write **8 key content understandings** students should have after completing the course



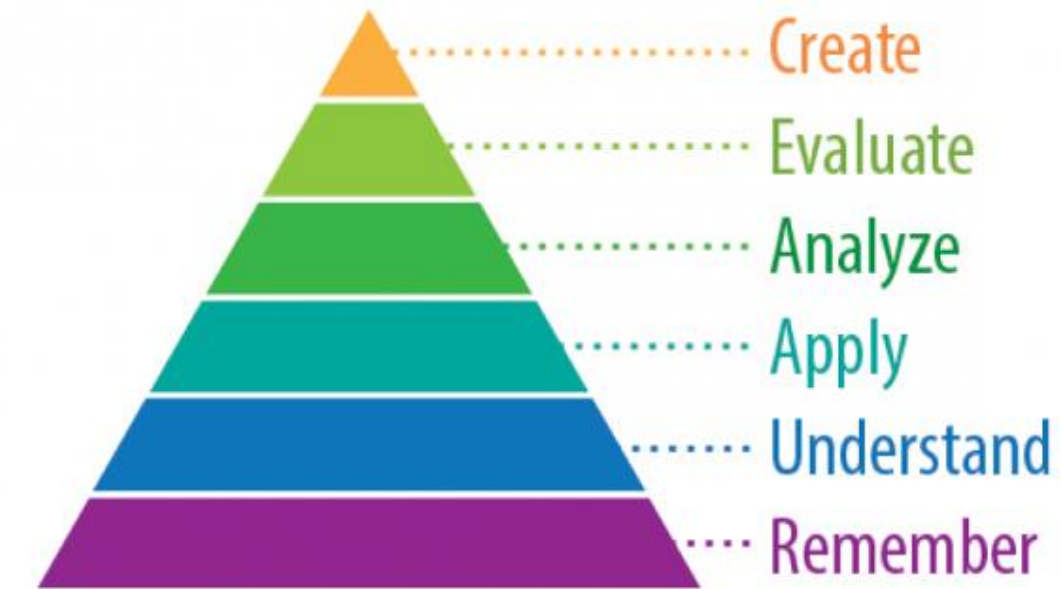
# Learning Outcomes **After** IMPACT

- ▶ **Analyze** the important economic policy issues facing the U.S. using the macroeconomic model and the main economic measurements, such as budget deficits, monetary expansion, health care costs, Social Security finance, recovery from Great Recession, or relations with Europe and China.
- ▶ **Describe** the condition of the economy using the main economic measurements: gross domestic product, inflation, unemployment, exchange rates, and interest rates.
- ▶ **Predict** the results of economic events or policy changes on the outlook for the economy, using a macroeconomic model.
- ▶ **Analyze** the important events in U.S. economic policy history using the macroeconomic model and the main economic measurements, such as bimetallism, the founding of the Fed, the Great Depression, the New Deal, World War II, the Great Inflation, or the Great Recession.
- ▶ **Predict** changes in prices and quantities in a market using demand and supply analysis

# Overarching Goal After IMPACT

- ▶ After taking this course, you will be able to *apply* knowledge of economic measurement, the economic model and the history of U.S. economic policy to *analyze* economic events, both personal and global, which occur during the rest of your life.

# Final Exam Questions



**BLOOM'S TAXONOMY**

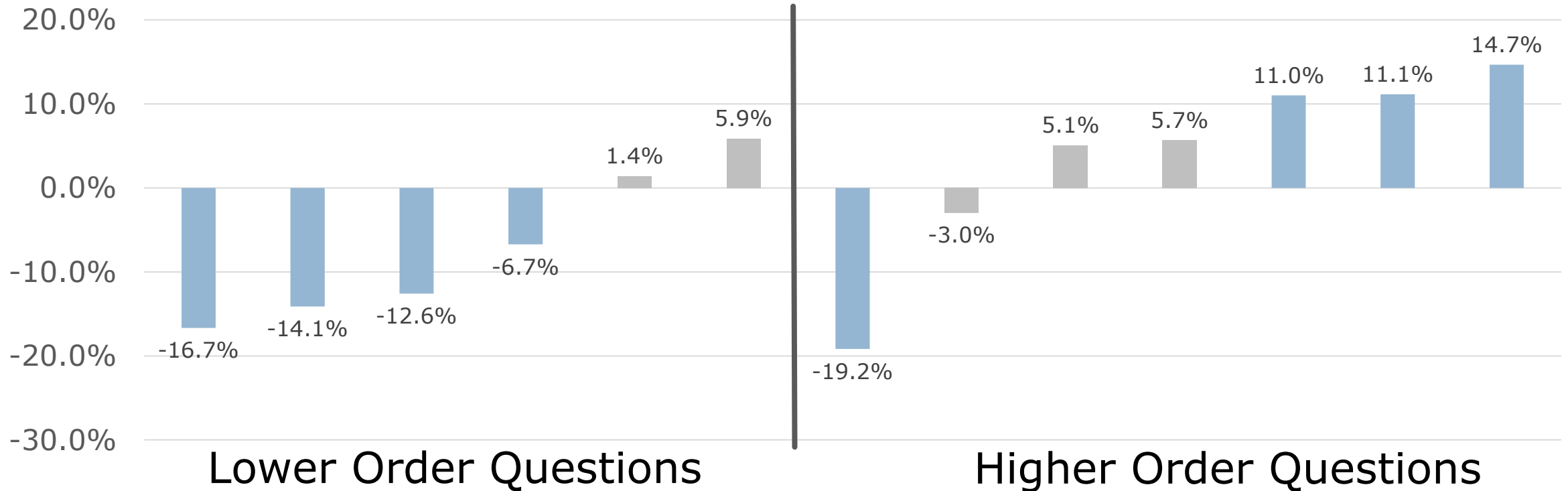


# Final Exam Questions

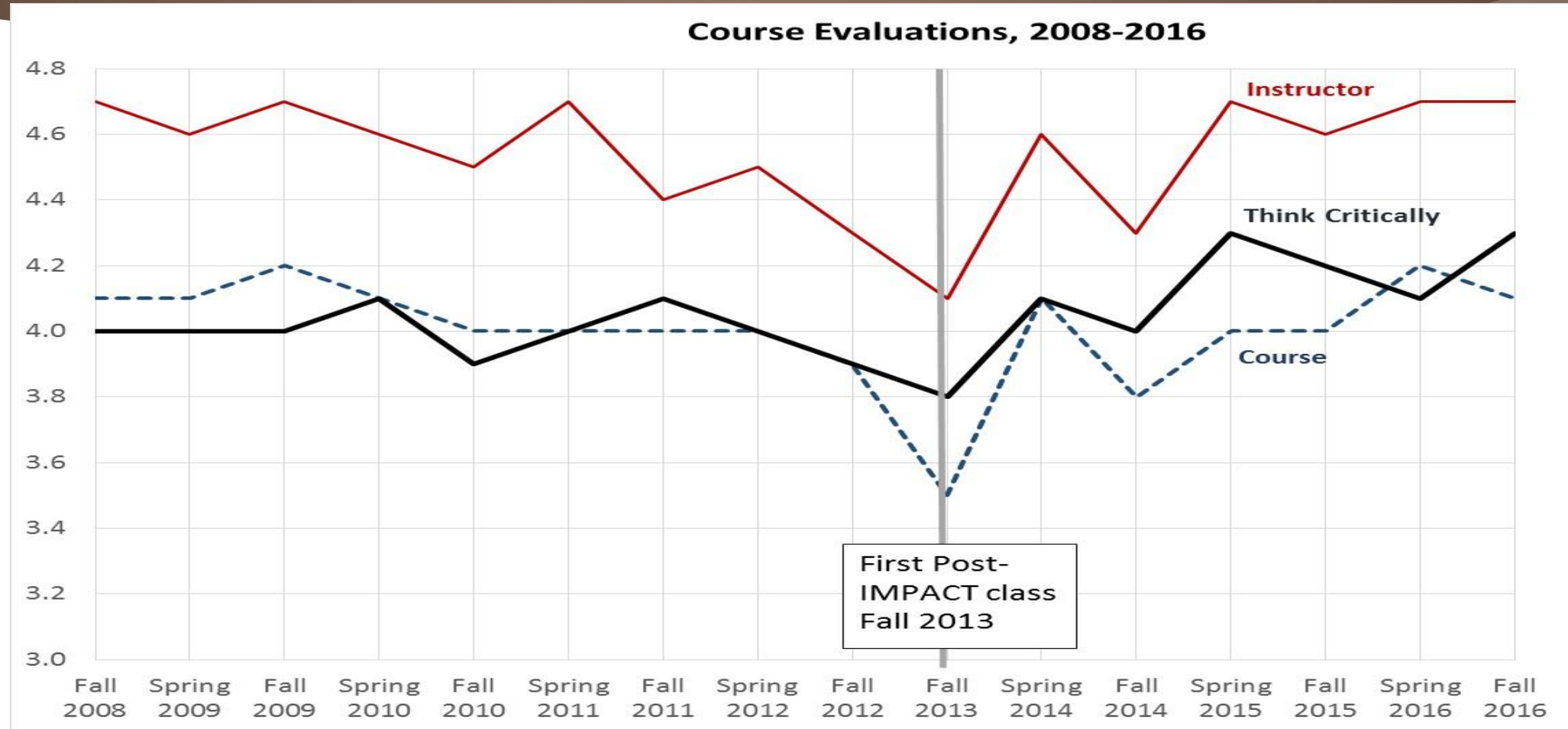
<b>Question Taxonomy</b>	<b>2012 Spring</b>	<b>2012 Fall</b>	<b>2013 Fall</b>	<b>2014 Spring</b>	<b>2014 Fall</b>
<b>1 and 2</b>	68%	68%	48%	48%	38%
<b>3 and 4</b>	32%	32%	52%	52%	62%
<b>Articles (3/4)</b>	2%	0%	18%	30%	34%

# Final Exam Performance Data

## Change in Percent Correct



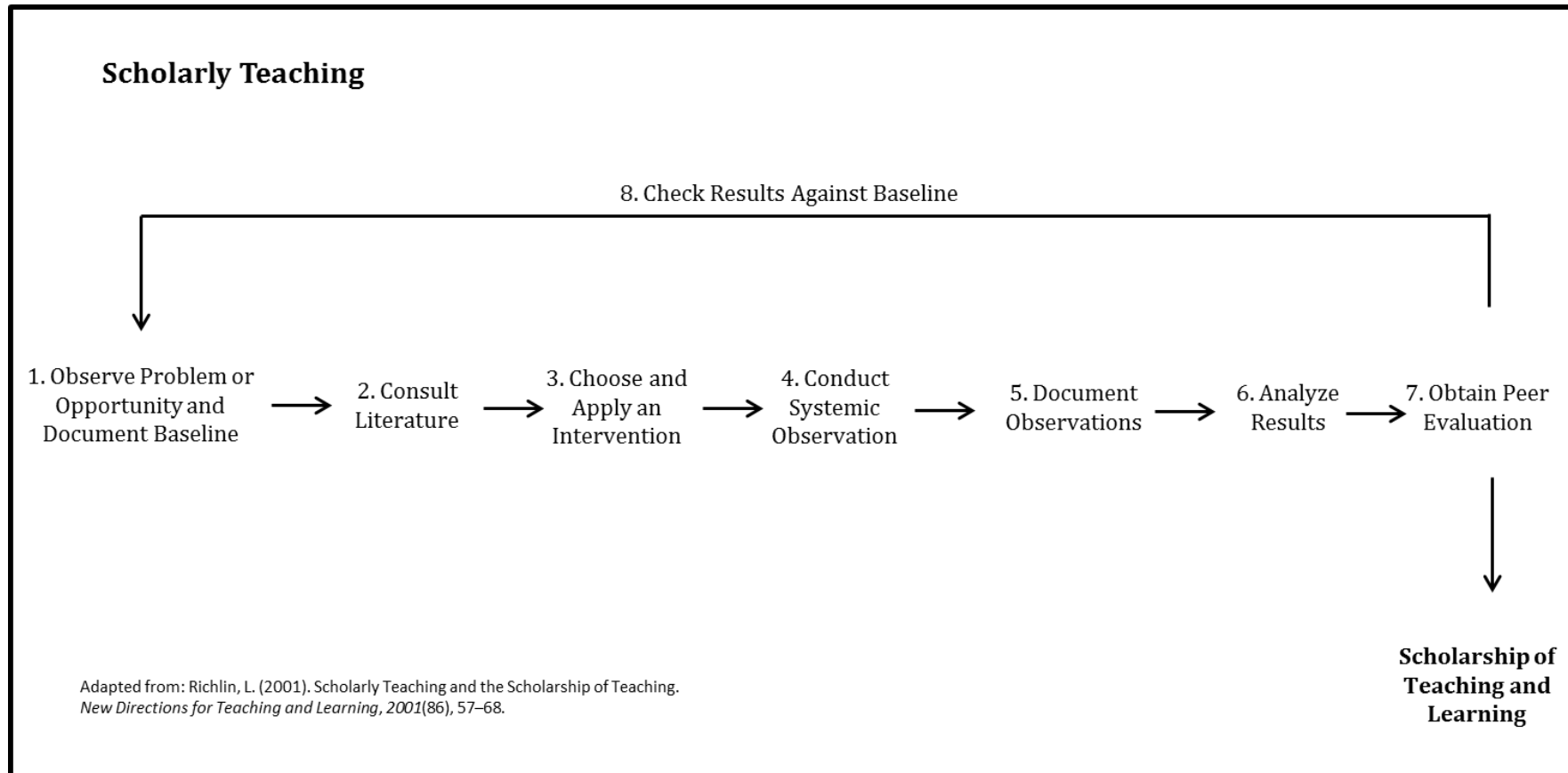
# Course Evaluations





Course  
Redesign  
Scholarship

# The Process of Scholarly Teaching



# Table Discussions

- ▶ What is a potential research question/inquiry that you would be interested in investigating in your teaching?

# Table Discussions

- ▶ What data could you use/collect in order to answer your question?

# Table Discussions

- ▶ What are some potential challenges to pursuing this research question/inquiry?



# Table Discussions

- ▶ What are some potential resources that you could use to address your challenges?