



SYMPOSIUM ON LEARNING ANALYTICS AT MICHIGAN



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What Students Learn from What and How?

And Is this OK with you?

<http://RELATE.MIT.edu>

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Teach→Learn: Assess Learning

What Are Students Learning?

COMPARE TWO ASSESSMENTS: compare A- and C

What Activities cause learning?

Book, tutorial, class, homework, laboratories, part ii of problem 7
- Much Harder to Determine

What Habits are bad or good?

Must Stop Bad, and Encourage Good

2

Are We Teaching the Right Stuff?

According to Whom?

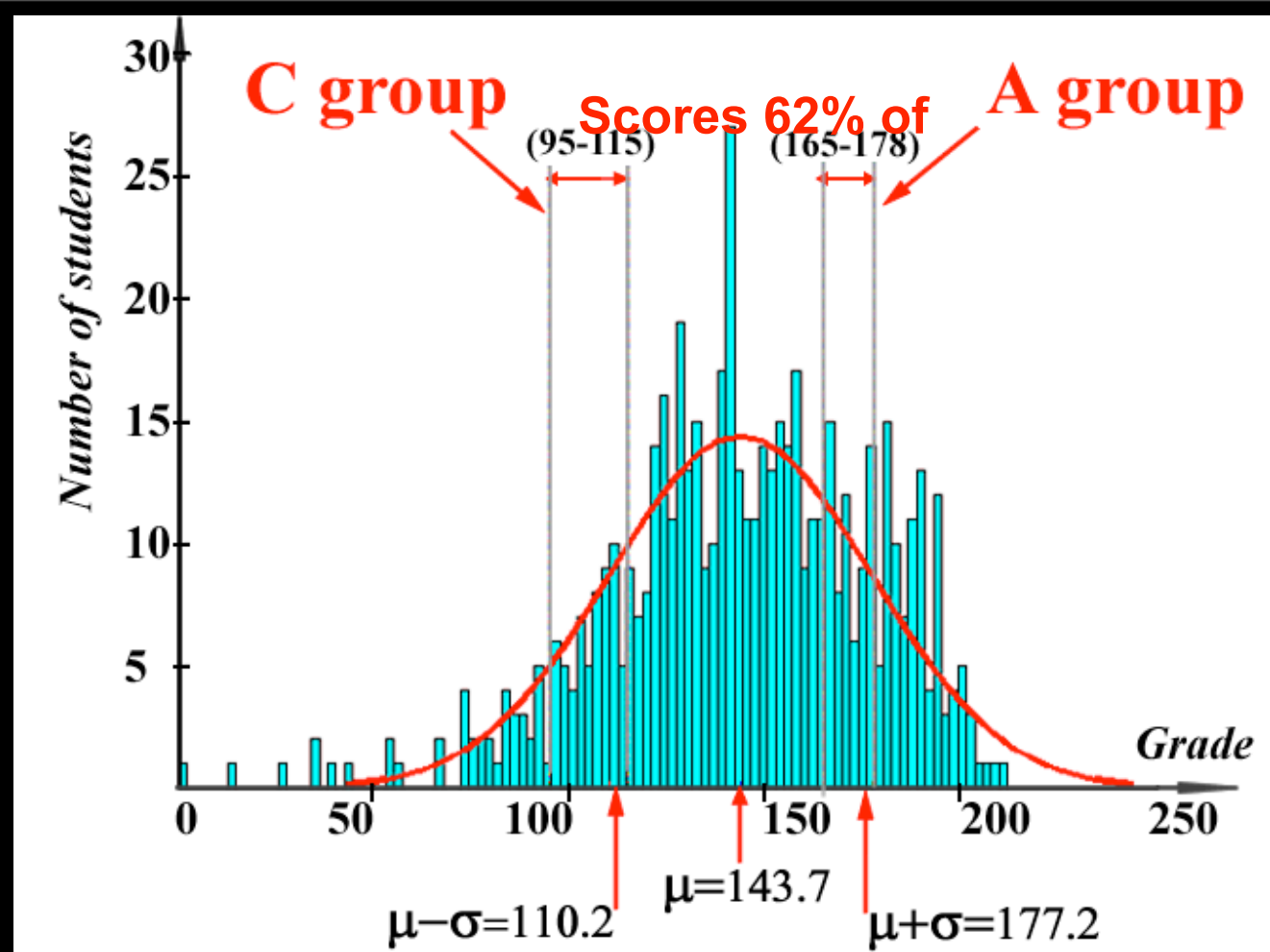
Themes: Problem Solving and Data

I want my students to learn to solve problems that involve combining known principles in new ways, i.e. multi-concept problems whose givens and unknowns are not connected in any single formula in the book.

Data >>>Opinion

Allows scientific improvement

What does
observed
2 sigma
learning
Mean?



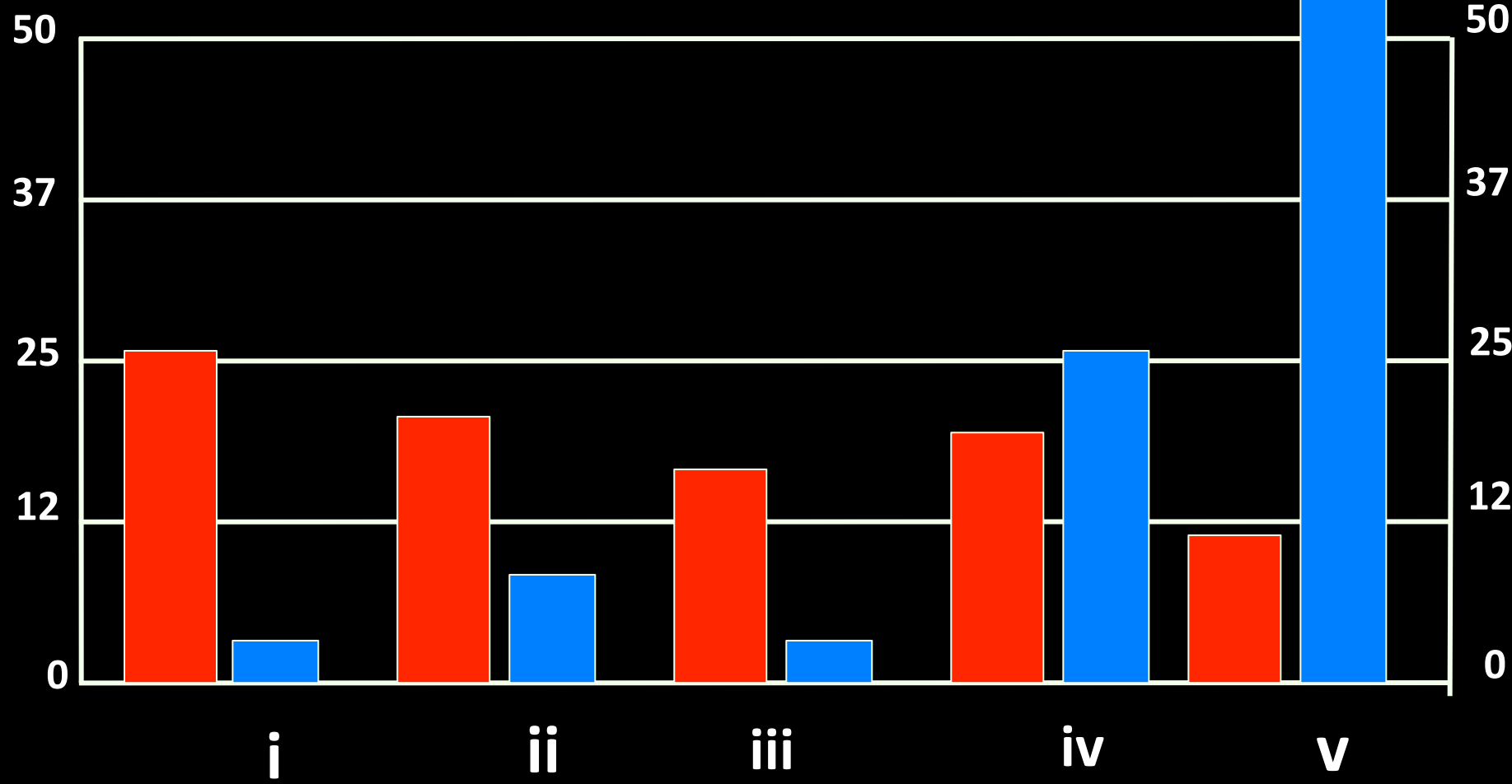
- A- group (1 Sigma +): a reasonable expectation of what students should/could learn
- C group (1 Sigma -): pass with no reservations
- **What A- students learned that C students didn't**

Quality of Analytic Answer

A



C

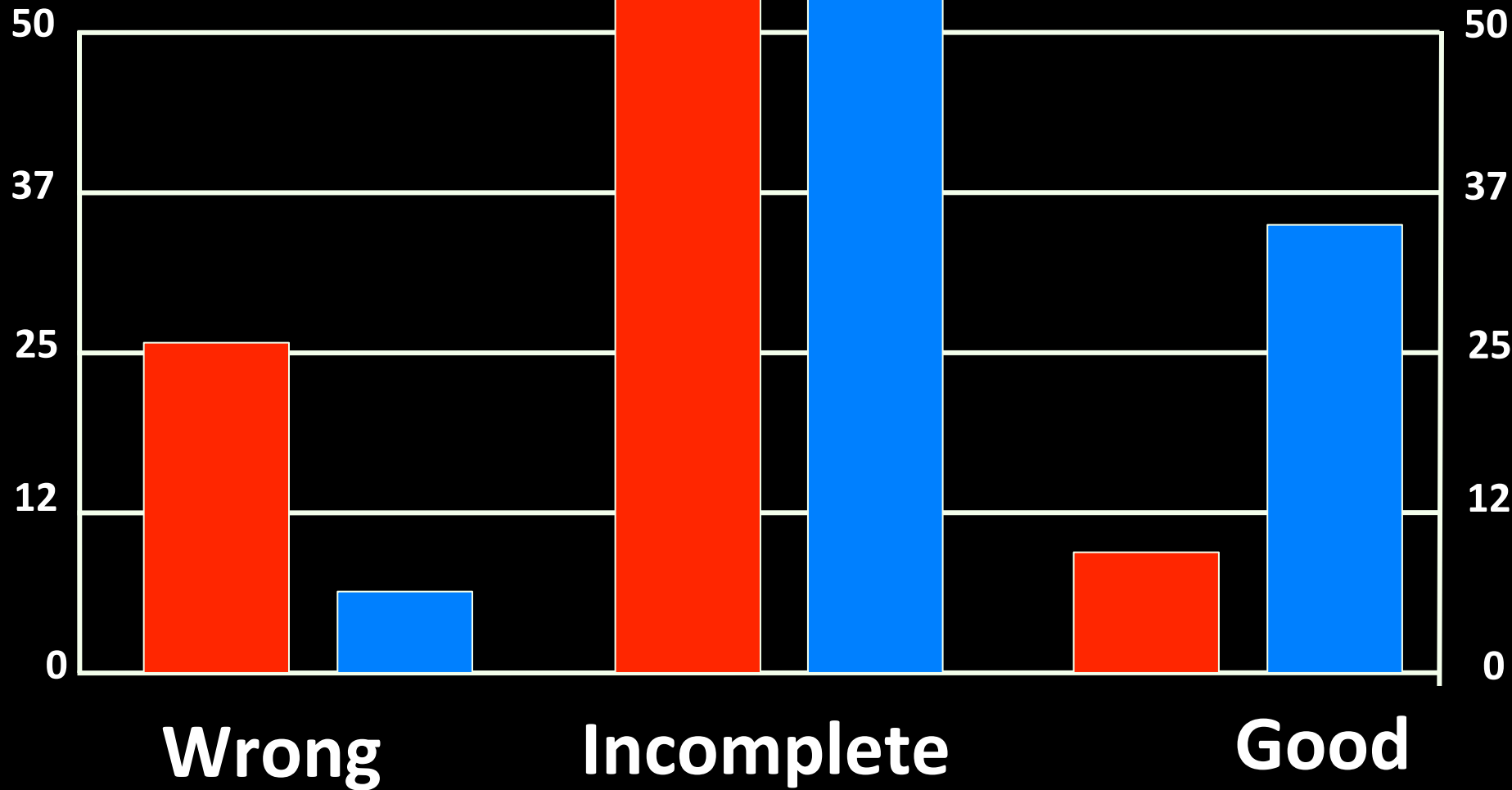


A's completely correct >50% vs 10%
C's significantly wrong ~50% vs ~12%

Quality of Written Plan A



C



Verbal Plans of Both Incomplete > 50% of time!

Summary of Performance

- **C score 79% of average, 62% that of A's, but:**
- **A's: Very Good analytic or verbal 4x C's**
- **C's: wrong 4x A's**

CONCLUSION:

- **Partial Credit Grading Rewards
Partial Understanding**

What activity(s) are they learning from?

Can't Improve Learning w.o. Knowing This!

Pre and Post Testing Gives Gain

-then study

What Students with High Gain Did

Course Activities: recitations, written HW, online HW, group problems

Correlate - amount of each element with improvement

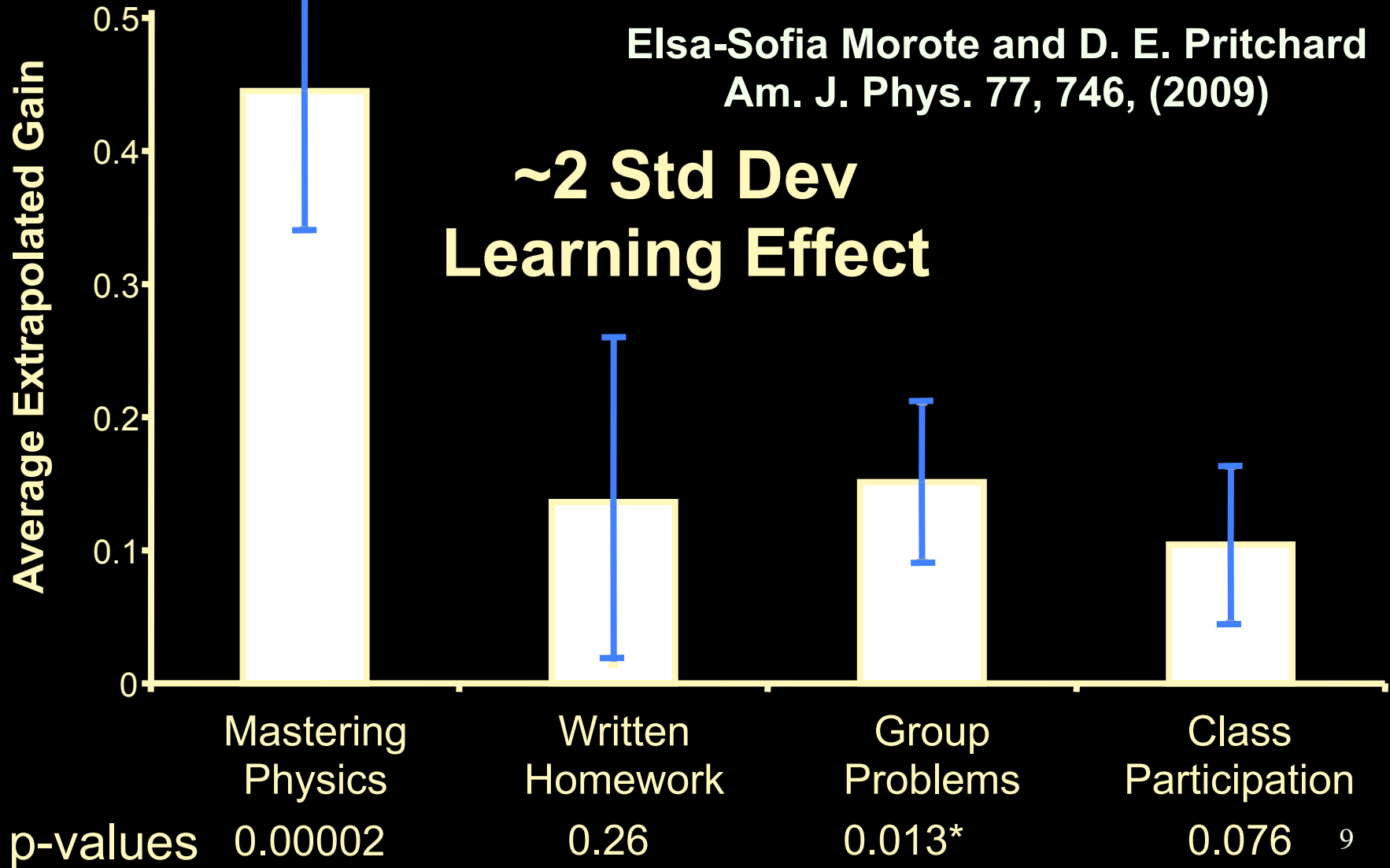
- Just a correlation: causation by inference

Gain on Final Exam

December 2000, 1 to May 2001, 2

Elsa-Sofia Morote and D. E. Pritchard
Am. J. Phys. 77, 746, (2009)

**~2 Std Dev
Learning Effect**



Plan of This Talk

- 1. What A- students learned that C didn't (4x)
- 2. What they learned from (online homework)

- Now: Online Socratic Tutor
 - Great Data for Data Mining

- Next: HABITS, good and bad

Socratic Pedagogy of MasteringPhysics.com

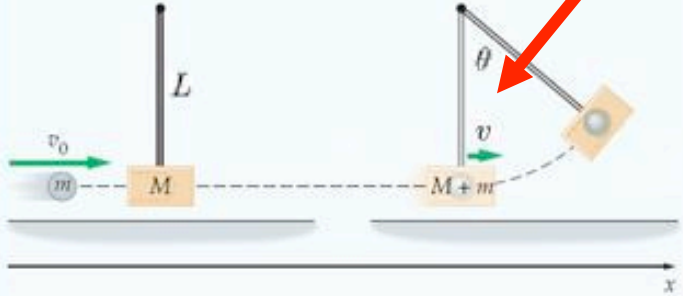
Demand Appropriate Response

Ballistic Pendulum

In a *ballistic pendulum* an object of mass m is fired with an initial speed v_0 at the bob of a pendulum. The bob has a mass M (usually $M \gg m$), which is suspended by a rod of length L and negligible mass. After the collision, the pendulum and object stick together and swing to a maximum angular displacement θ as shown.

Intro 1

Problem Statement & Figures



Part A

Find an expression for v_0 , the initial speed of the fired object.

Express your answer in terms of some or all of the variables: m , M , L , θ , and the acceleration due to gravity g .

$v_0 =$

[submit](#) [hints](#) [my answers](#) [show answer](#) [review part](#)

[submit problem](#)

Ballistic Pendulum

Find an expression for v_0 , the initial speed of the fired object.

Hint 1. How to approach the problem [Open](#)

Hint 2. Determine which physical laws and principles apply [Open](#)

Hint 3. Describe the collision [Open](#)

Hint 4. Describe the swing [Open](#)

Requestable List of Hints (plan of attack)

Wrong Answer Feedback

Conical Pendulum - Microsoft Internet Explorer

the string always making an angle θ from the vertical?

Hint 1. What's happening here? [Open](#)

In this situation, which of the following statements is true?

A component of the tension causes acceleration of the bob.
Correct

[submit](#) [my answers](#) [show answer](#) [review part](#)

Hint 2. Find the vertical acceleration of the bob [Open](#)

Hint 3. Find the tension in the string [Open](#)

Find the magnitude, T , of the tension force in the string.

Express your answer in terms of some or all of the variables m , L , and θ , as well as the acceleration due to gravity g .

$T =$ [?](#) [Try](#)

Again; 3 attempts remaining

[submit](#) [hints](#) [my answers](#) [show answer](#) [review part](#) [display math](#)

Hint 4. [Open](#)

Feedback [Close](#)

Check over your trigonometry.

Hint 5. [Open](#)

Feedback Addresses Particular Error(s) in Student's Response with advice or challenge

Declarative Hint

claire masson

Ballistic Pendulum

Find an expression for v_0 , the initial speed of the fired objet.

Hint 1. How to approach the problem [Open](#)

There are two distinct physical processes at work in the ballistic pendulum. You must treat the collision and the following swing as two separate events. Identify which physical law or principle applies to each event, write an expression to describe the collision, write an expression to describe the swing, and then relate the two expressions to find v_0 .

Hint 2. Detemine which physical laws and principles apply [Open](#)

Hint 3. Describe the collision [Open](#)

Hint 4. Describe the swing [Open](#)

Hint 5 [Open](#)

This hint will be visible after you complete previous item(s).

Hints open on request in any order.

This is a **Declarative Hint.**

It Informs, Suggests, Reminds, etc.

Socratic Hint (Subtask)

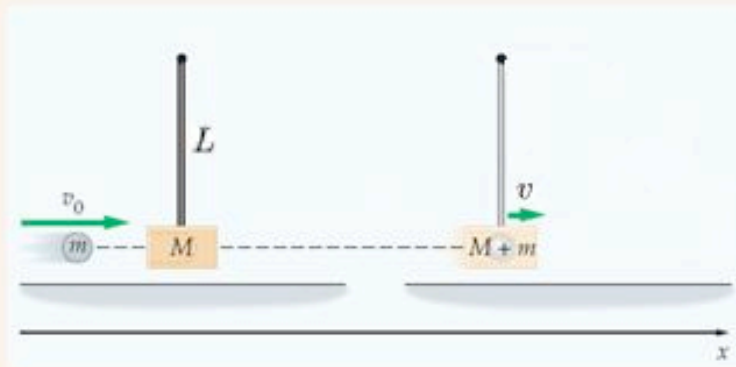
Hint 2. Determine which physical laws and principles apply

Open

Hint 3. Describe the collision

Open

Write an expression that describes the collision between the object and the pendulum bob. Write this expression in the form $v_0 = \dots$.



Express your answer in terms of some or all of the variables: m , M , v_0 , L , θ , and the acceleration due to gravity g .

$v_0 =$

Hand icon, δ , Δ , $\sqrt{x[x]}$, \cos , \hat{x} , $+$, $-$, $\frac{1}{x}$, $?$

submit

hints

my answers

show answer

review part

Hint 4. Describe the swing

Open

Hint 5

Open

This hint is a SubTask
It Requests a Response
that helps answer the
main question.
Responding is optional,
although informative.

Educational Data Mining: Tutors give DATA!

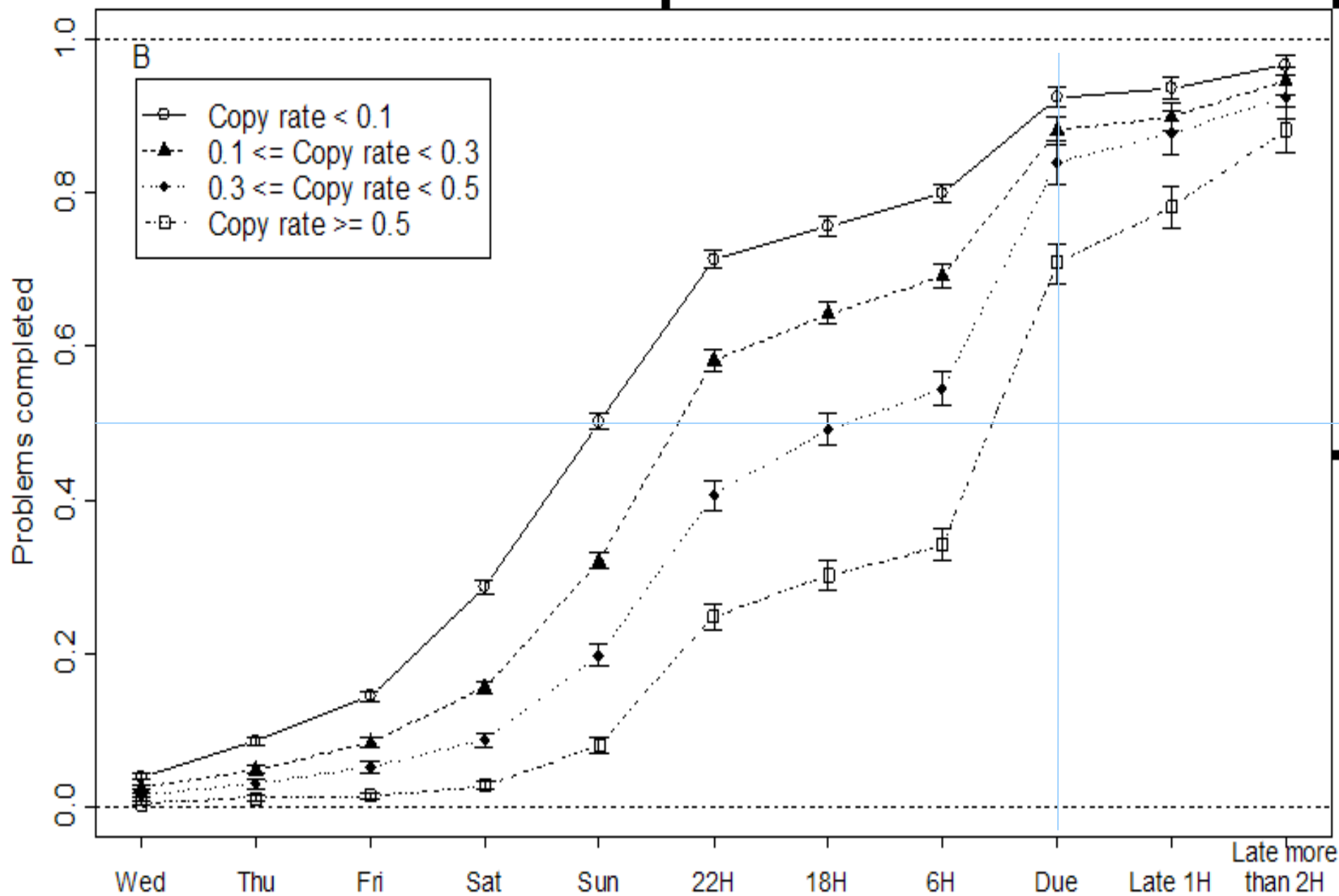
Fine Grain Assessment – Holy Grail

- Assessment of Detailed Mental State
- Guide for the Teacher
- **Ultimately will guide individual tutoring**

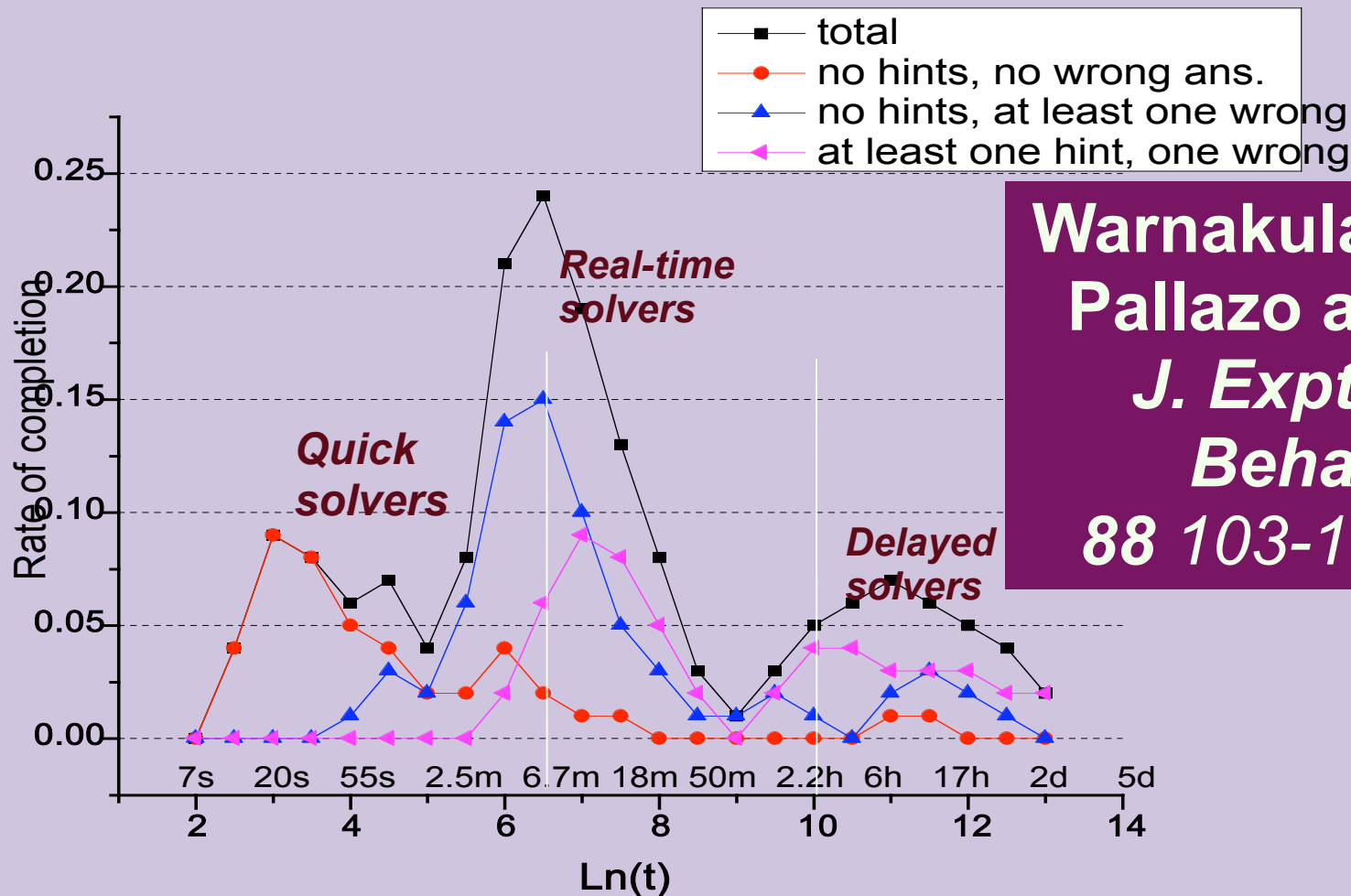
Habits of Mind and Behavior

- What Habits help/hinder learning??
- Homework copying reduces learning
- Better to open hints prior to responding!

When Do Students Do HW? -2003



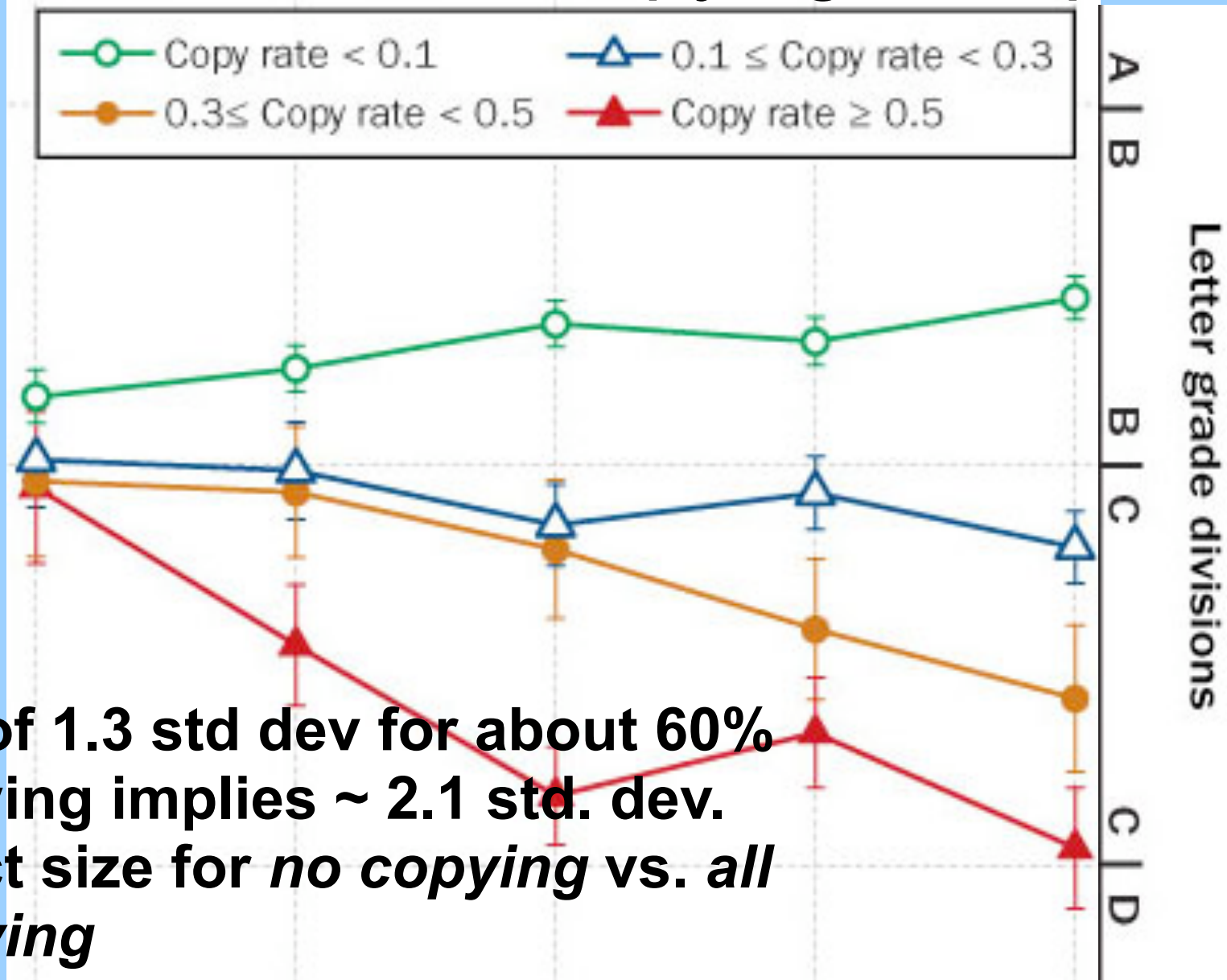
Detect Copying ← Quick, Correct Answer



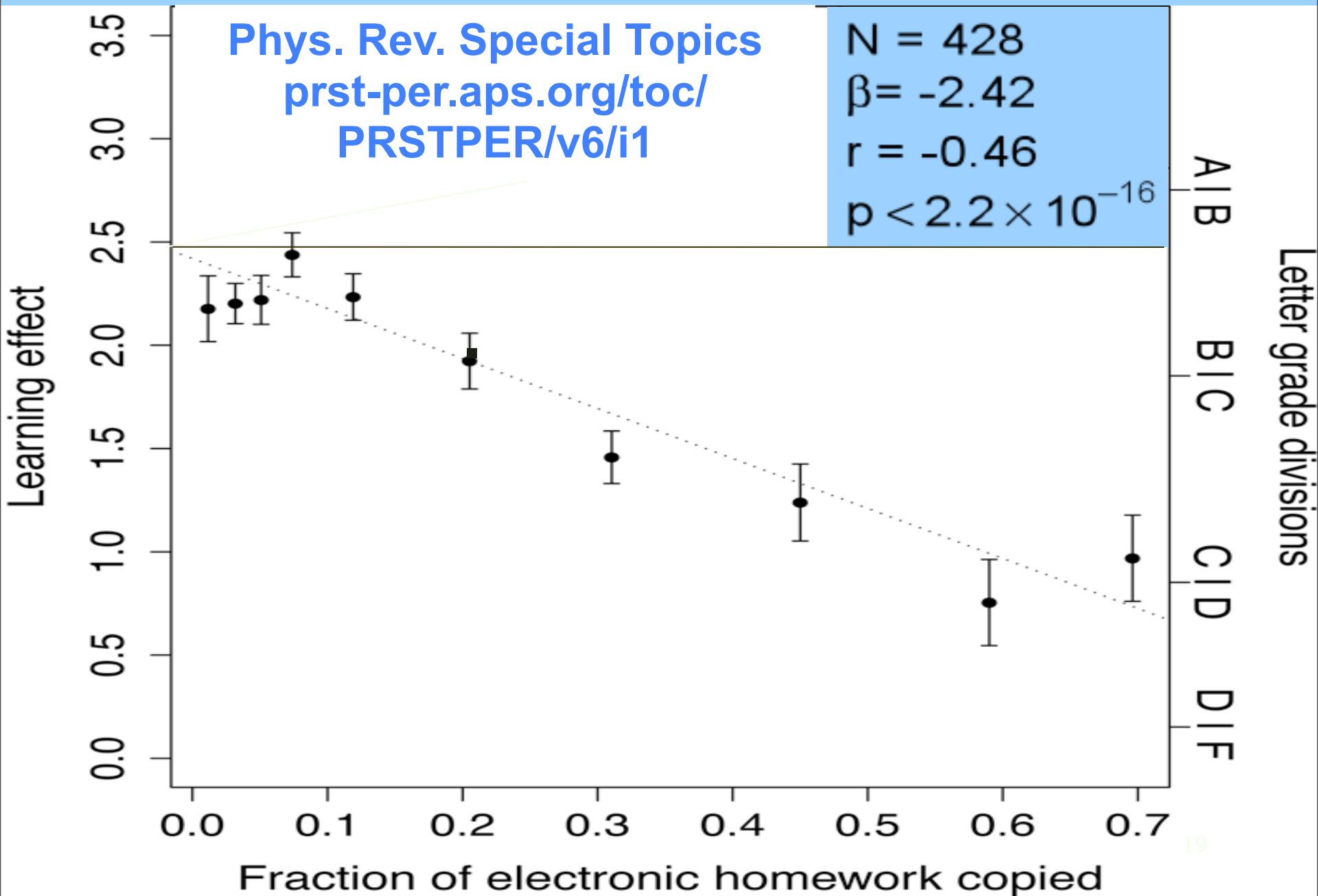
**Warnakulasooriya,
Pallazo and DEP
J. Exptl Anal
Behavior
88 103-113 2007**

1. Respond in <1 min - insufficient to read and answer
2. Correct on first try vs. 90% of remaining students

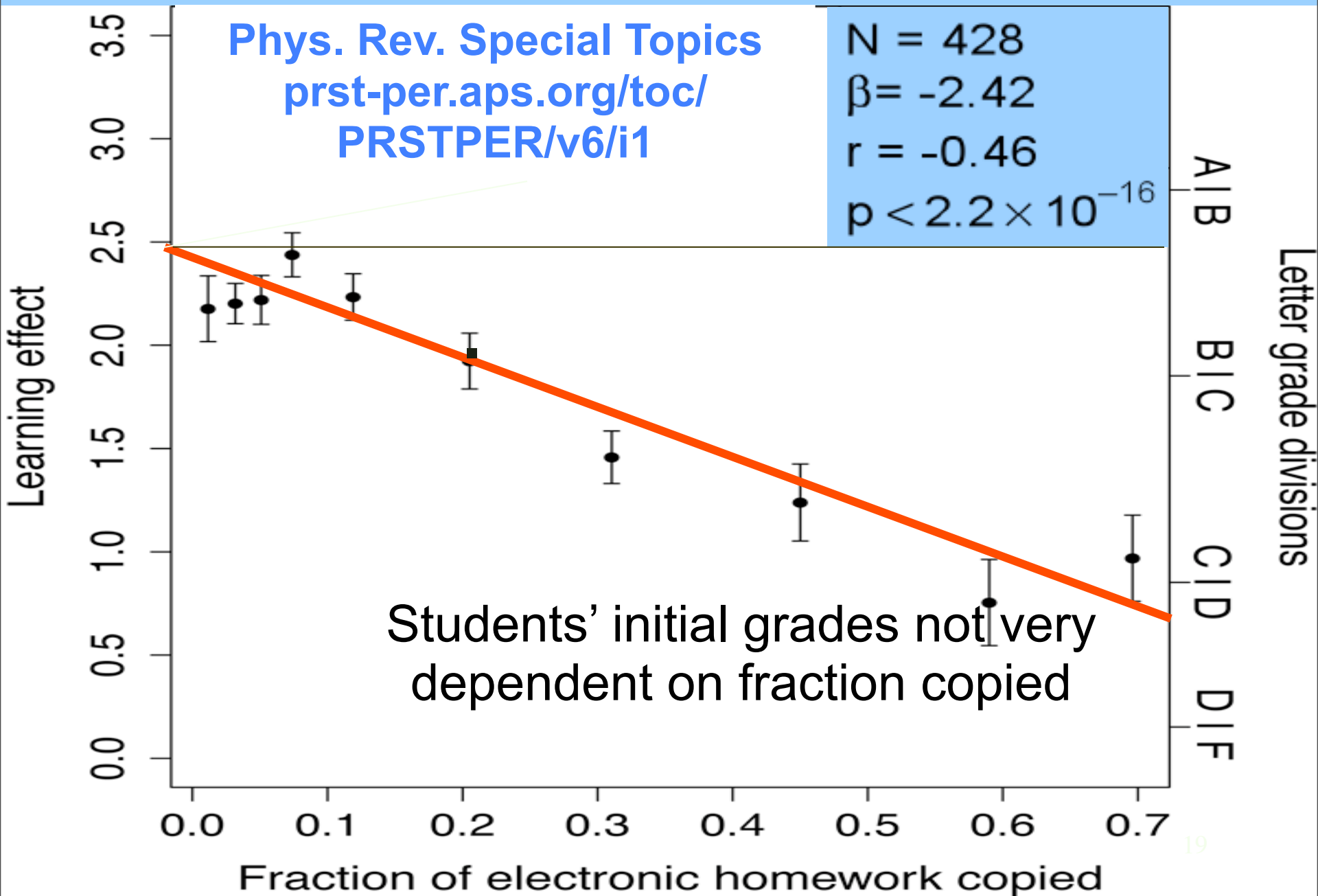
Test Scores of Copying Groups



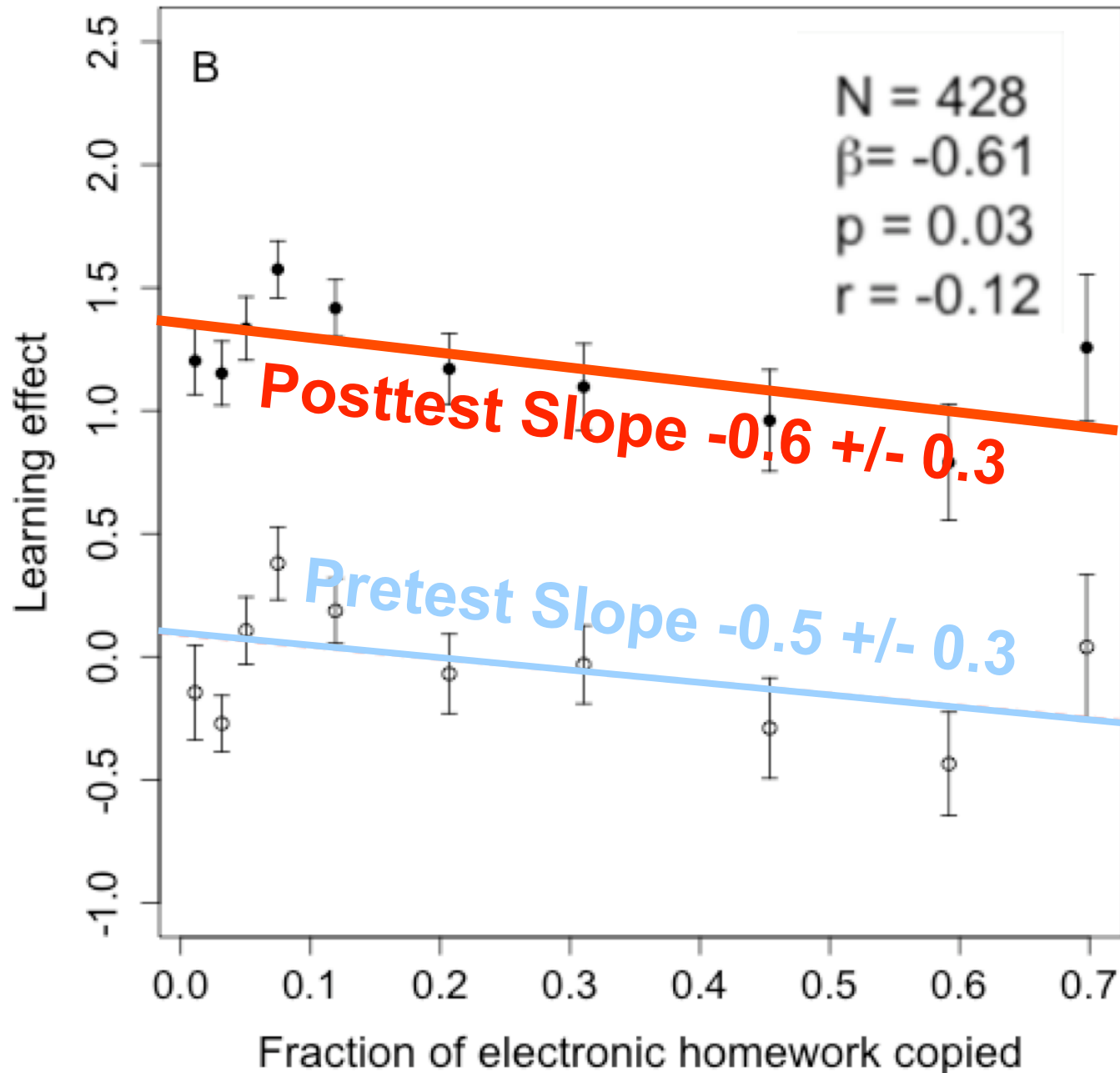
Analytic Final Exam vs. Copying



Analytic Final Exam vs. Copying



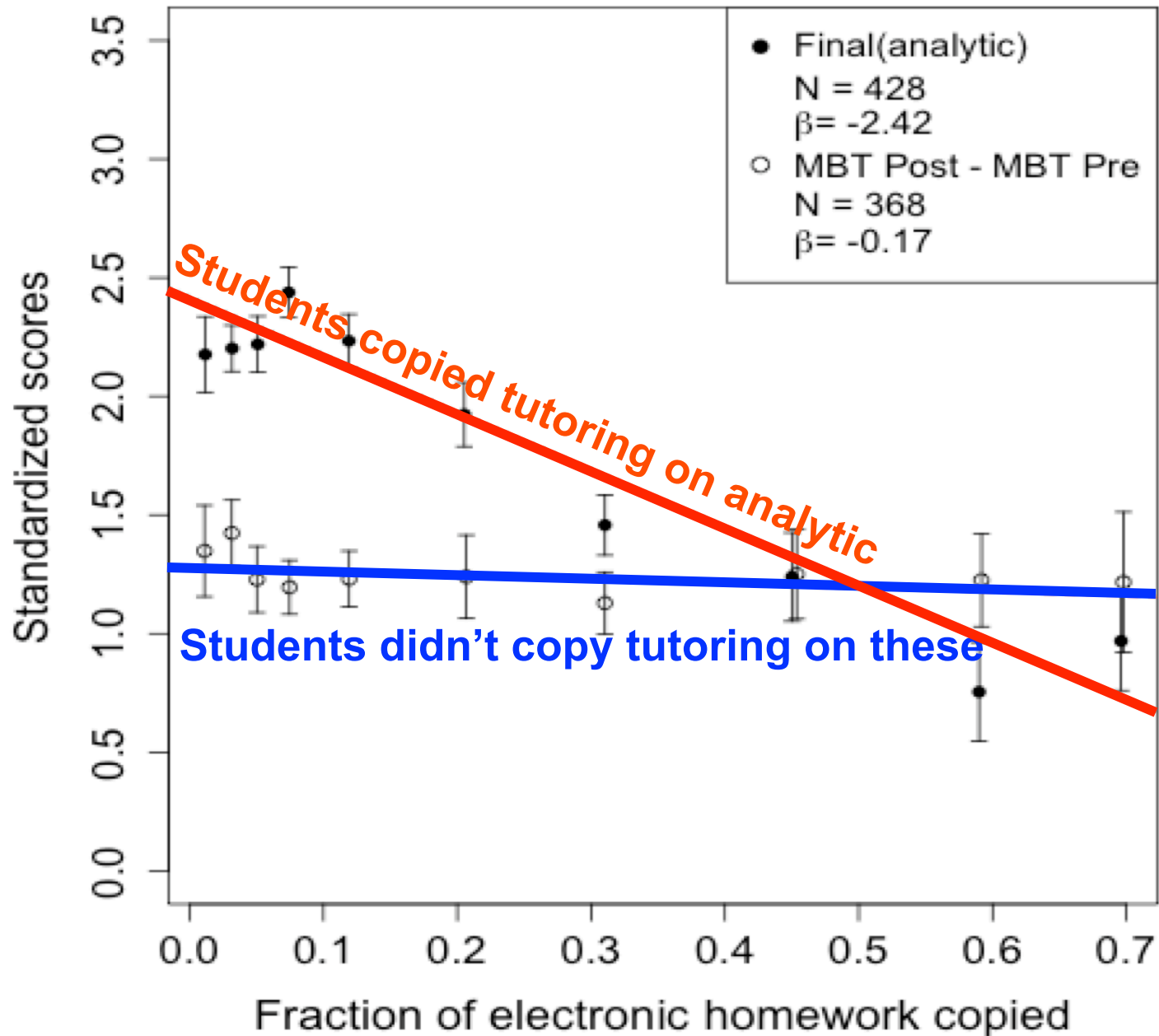
Dependence of Concept on Copying



Copying has insignificant correlation with Gain on ConceptTest.

Copiers and Non-copiers both have learning effect ~ 1.2

Copying Analytic HW degrades analytic score



Implications of Differential in Correlation

- **Amazing correlation with single activity**
- **MBT learning (concepts & numerical)**
 - **Independent of copying!**
 - **Shows copiers can learn physics**
 - **Strongly implies could learn analytic problems if they did Mastering**
- **Also implies Mastering teaches NO concepts or numerical skills**
- **Students Don't Think Like Experts!**

A good habit: using hints first

MasteringPhysics.com (or any tutor) offers many possible paths for the student. Do some paths result in more learning?

Learning Effect of Various Paths

**Y-J Lee, D. Pallazo
and DEP**
*Phys Rev Sp. Topics
Phys. Ed. Res. 2008*

**(29% of all)
Fail First
Attempt**

(11% of all) Go to Hint and Subtask

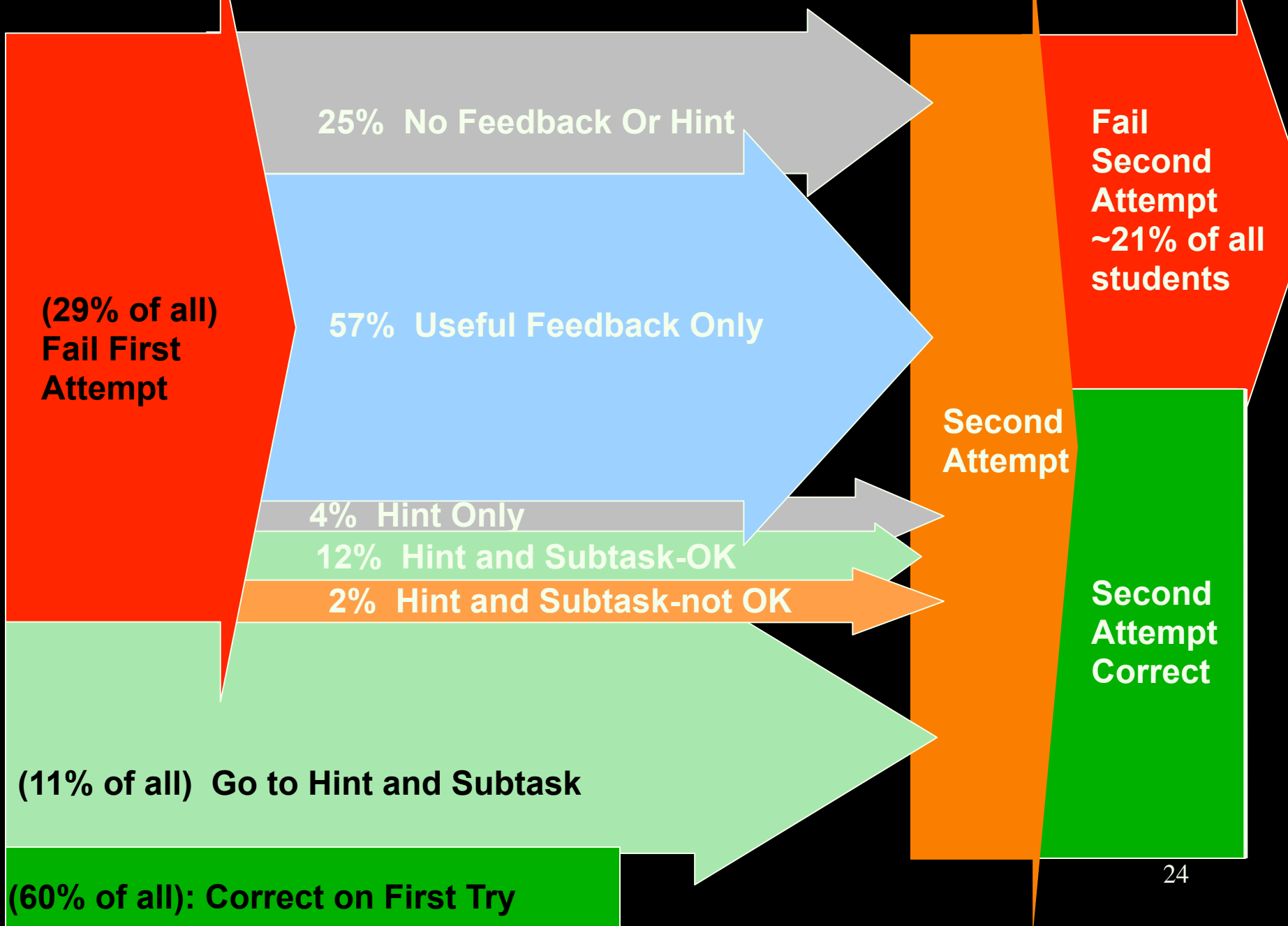
(60% of all): Correct on First Try

**Fail
Second
Attempt
~21% of all
students**

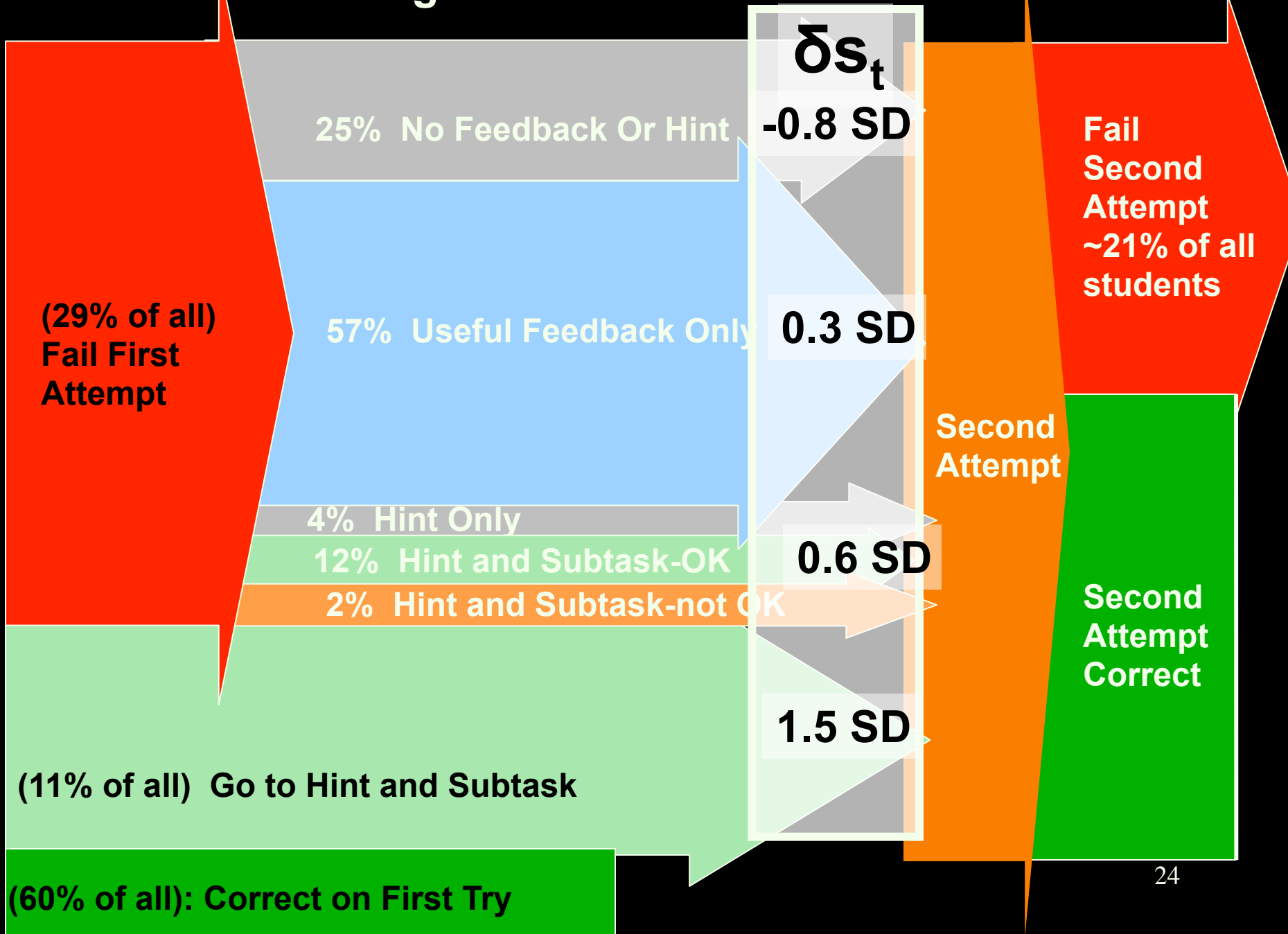
**Second
Attempt**

**Second
Attempt
Correct**

Learning Effect of Various Paths



Learning Effect of Various Paths



Why is Hints-First so Beneficial?

- Metacognitive Monitoring of Own Knowledge?
 - Know they don't know how to solve
 - Use hints until they know they do know how to solve
- Observation: Not same students each time
- We'll have to do more research!

Outline

- 1. What they learned from (online homework)
 - 2. What A- students learned that C didn't (4x)
 - 3. Online Socratic Tutor used for Data Mining
 - 4. HABITS
 - Copying (bad)
 - Requesting help before guessing (good)
-
- Now: what do graduating students retain of Physics 1
 - Do we engender the learning faculty or students want?
 - A Course that teaches Problem Solving Skills

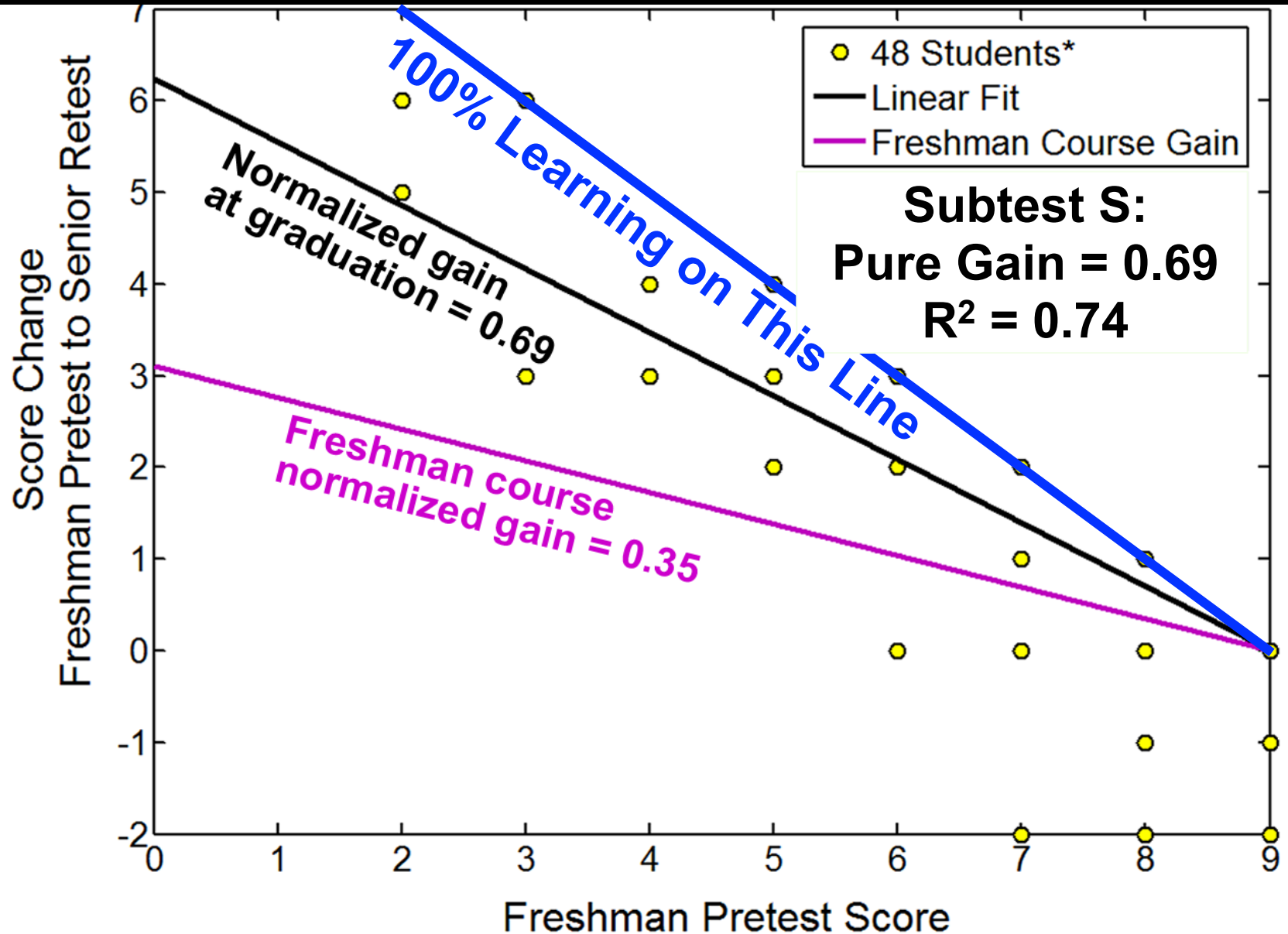
What Do Graduating Seniors Recall?

Do they remember our wisdom??

Expect users of mechanics (Gp 3)

Group	Included Majors	N
Group 3 (Majors likely to use mechanics.)	Aeronautics and Astronautics, Mechanical Engineering, Physics	9
Group 2	Chemical Engineering, Economics, Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, Materials Science and Engineering	21
Group 1 (Majors unlikely to use mechanics.)	Biological Engineering, Biology, Brain and Cognitive Sciences, Civil and Environmental Engineering, Literature, Management, Mathematics, Political Science.	26

Increased Gain on Subtest Math

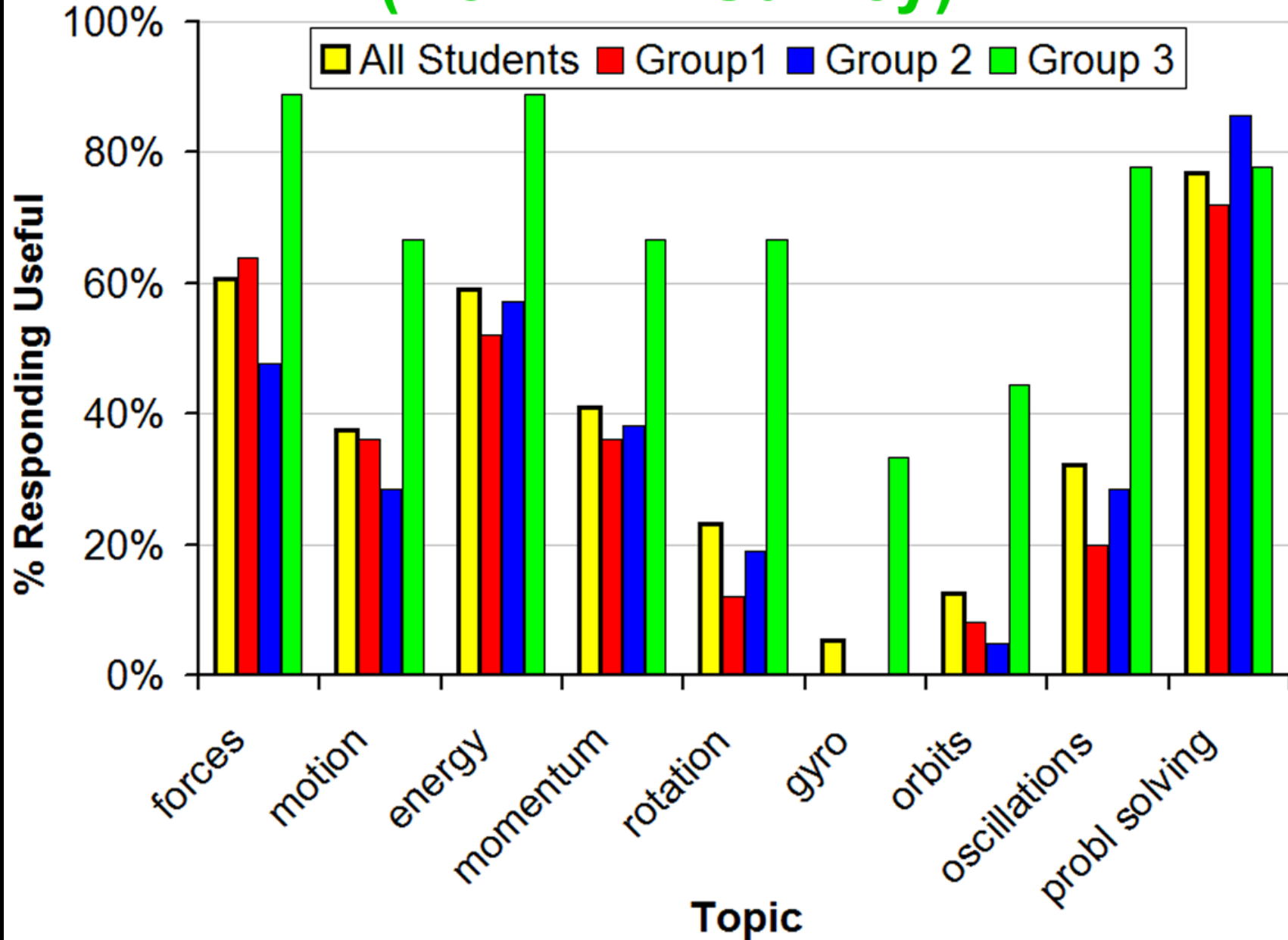


* Freshman responses unavailable for 8 students (4 Group 1, 3 Group 2 and 1 Group 3).

Types of Knowledge Re-Tested

Type of Problem		English Biology	Chem EE Mat. Sci	Physics M.E. Aero
Analytic Problems	Mostly two concepts, some requested Plan	-59(4)	-41(7)	-3(13)
Advanced Physics Concepts	Rotation, Oscillation, Orbits	-55(13)	-58(10)	-23(9)
Basic Physics Concepts (MBT)	Force, Motion, Energy, Momentum	-48(9)	-95(25)	-20(44)
Graphs & Vectors (MBT)	Reviewed in Math & Physics	+68(5)	+74(14)	+68(14)

Perceived Utility of Topics by Group (from MIT Survey)



What To Teach in Introductory Physics

David E. Pritchard, Analia Barrantes, Brian Belland

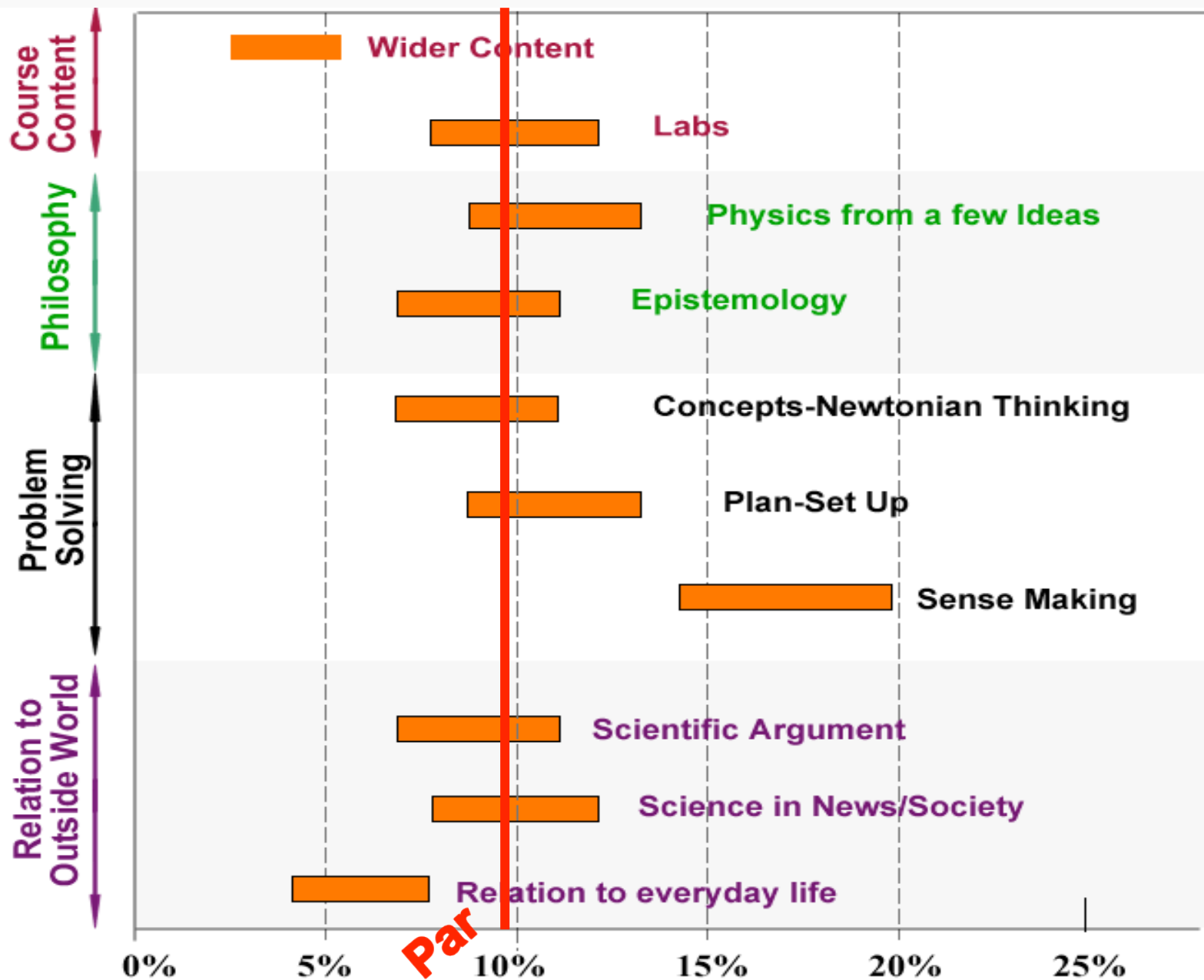
CONCERN: Before working more on education reform, I wanted to be sure of what teachers wanted to teach besides the syllabus

PROCEDURE: Asked people, especially AAPT/PERC

Distilled Free Responses down to ~12 responses in 4 categories

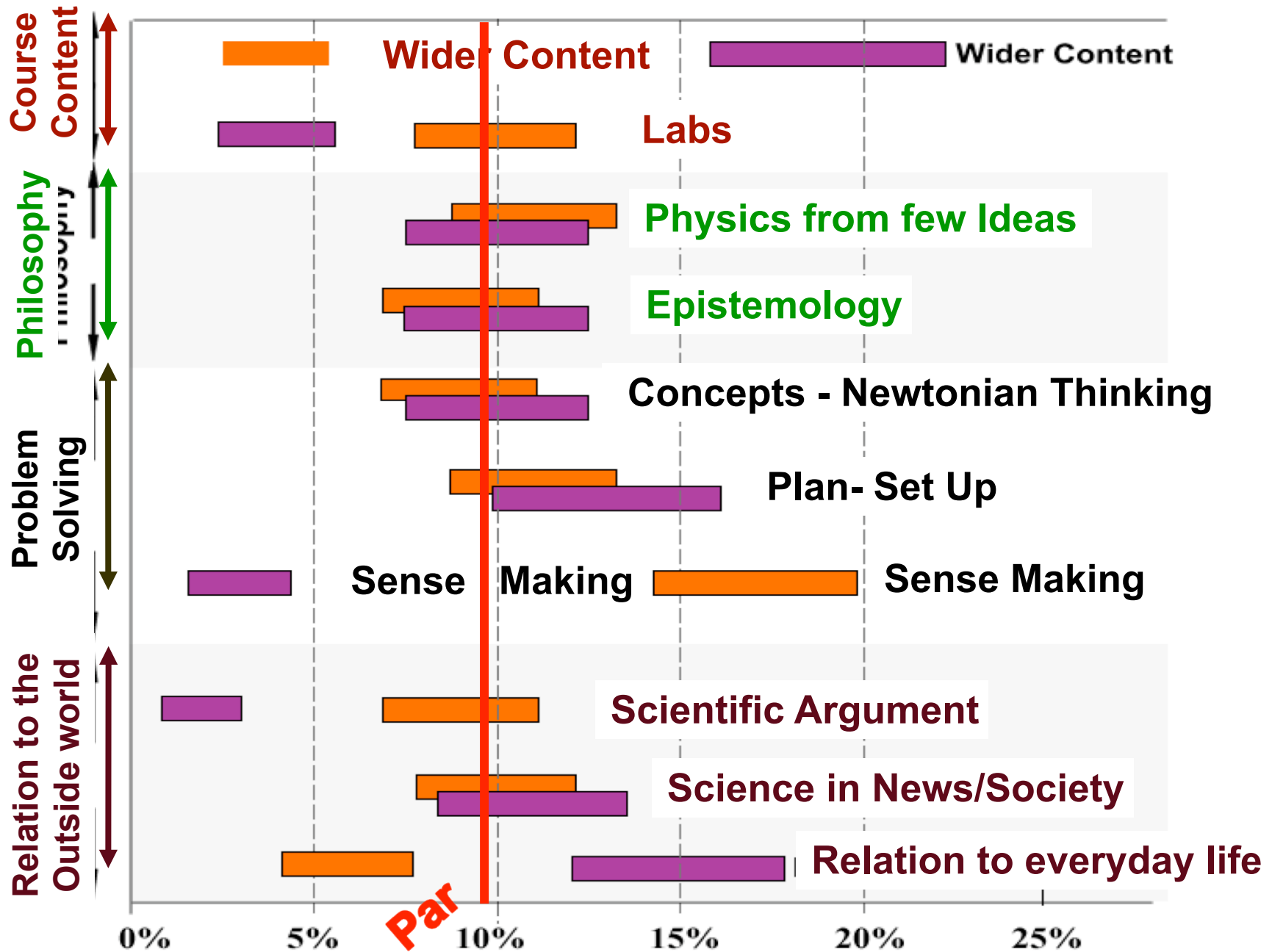
MY QUESTION: Due to a change in the academic calendar, you have 20% more time to teach the calculus-based introductory physics course to non-physics majors, and the syllabus has not been expanded. What learning will you seek to add or emphasize with this extra time?

~700 Instructor Votes



Students

Average Instructors



Professors vs Students ($r=-0.4$)

- Catalog says College will turn students into Lifelong Problem Solvers
- Professors “Welcome to college where we’re going to turn you into expert professionals and problem solvers”
- Catalog says freshman year is for exploration after which students are able to pick any major
- Students “I’m looking for a major, show me why physics is relevant to my interests and life. Then I might invest 10+ years to become an expert!”
- → **RECOMMENDATION:** more attention to why intro physics is relevant to their futures.

Modeling Applied to Problem Solving

Frequent Problem (e.g. CLASS question)

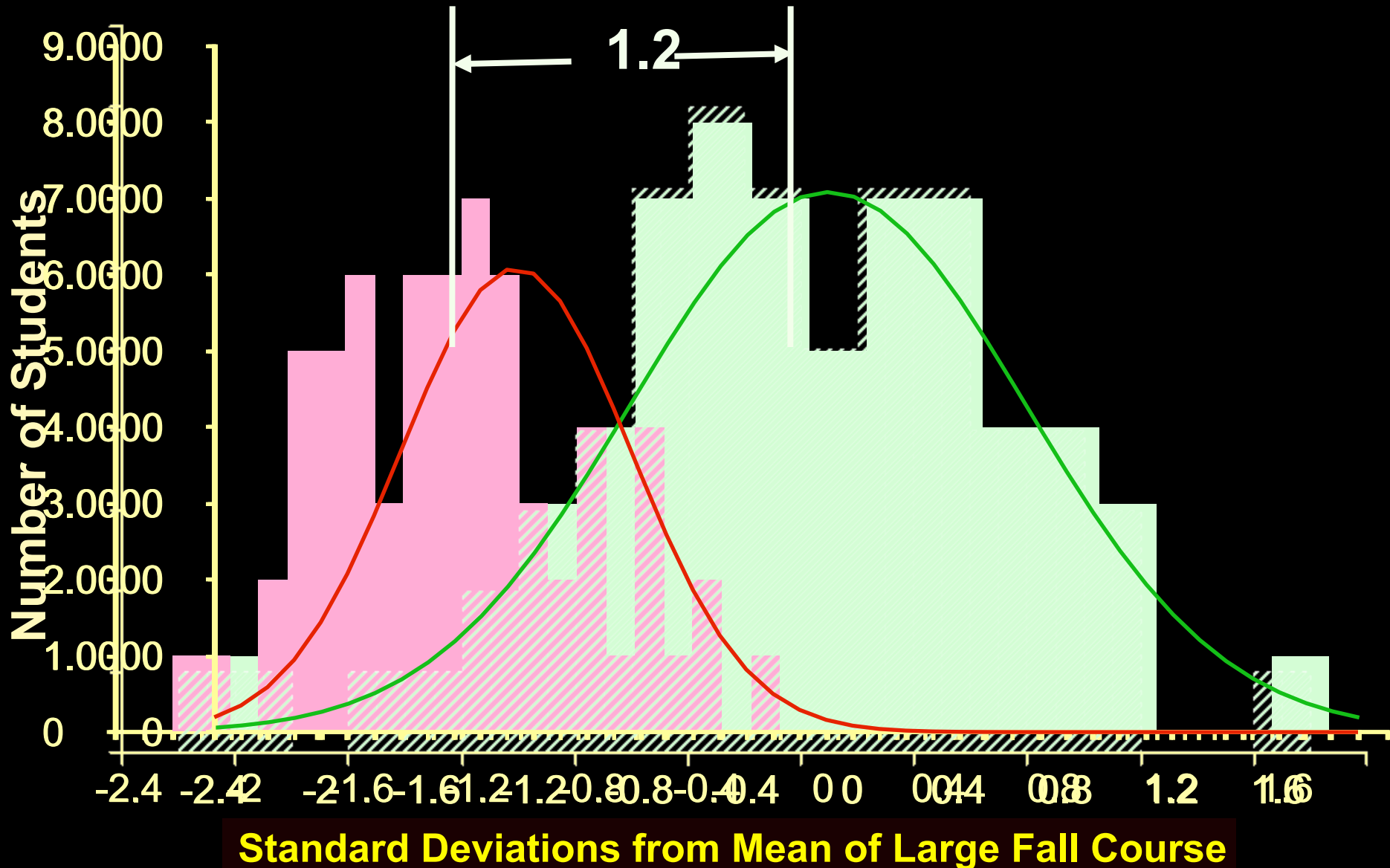
After I study a topic in physics and feel that I understand it, I have difficulty solving problems on the same topic.

MAPS: Students Learn to Solve Problems

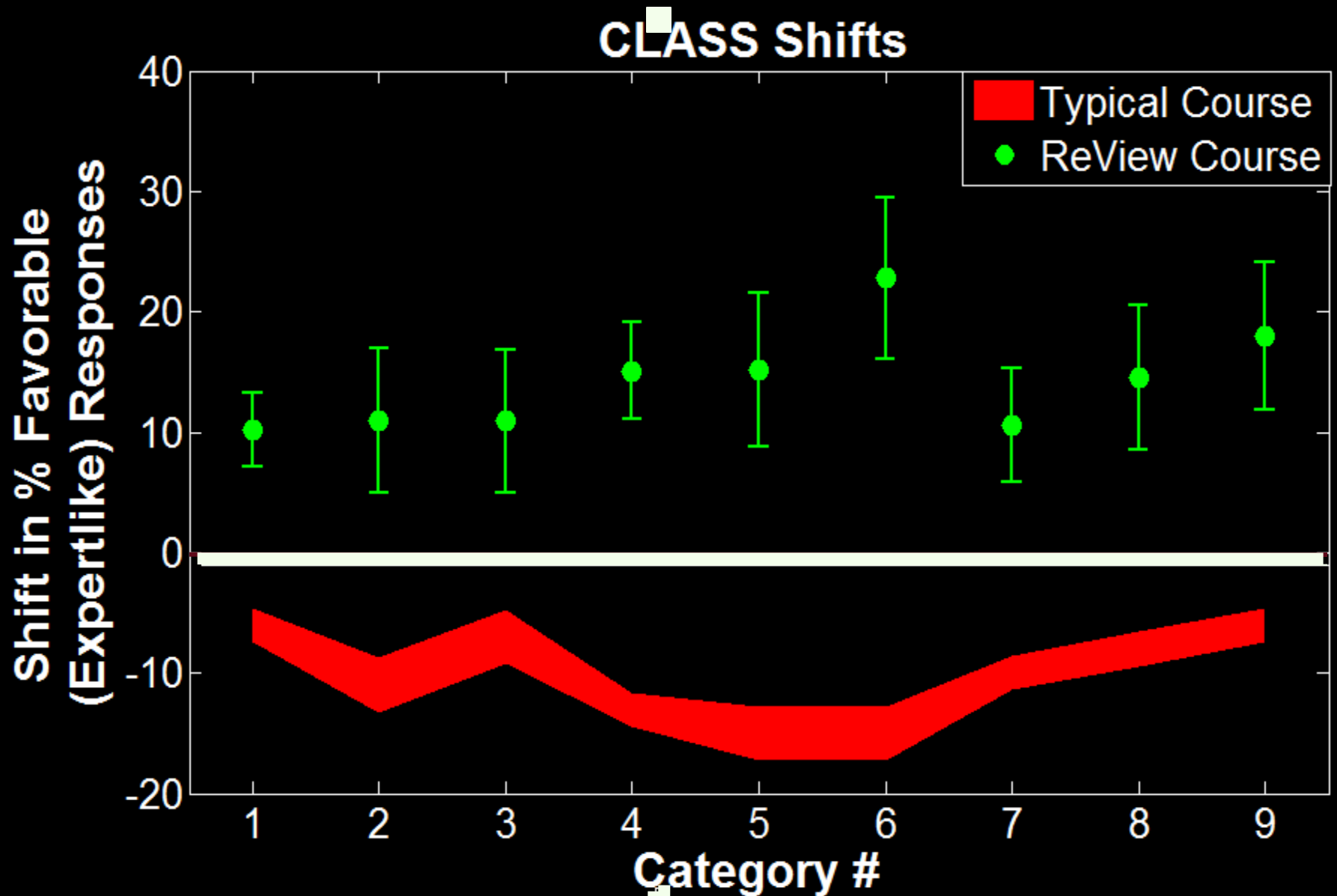
1. Measurably better
2. In a more concept-based manner
3. With better organization of knowledge
4. With improved learning attitudes
5. With Transfer to future E&M course

Improved Performance

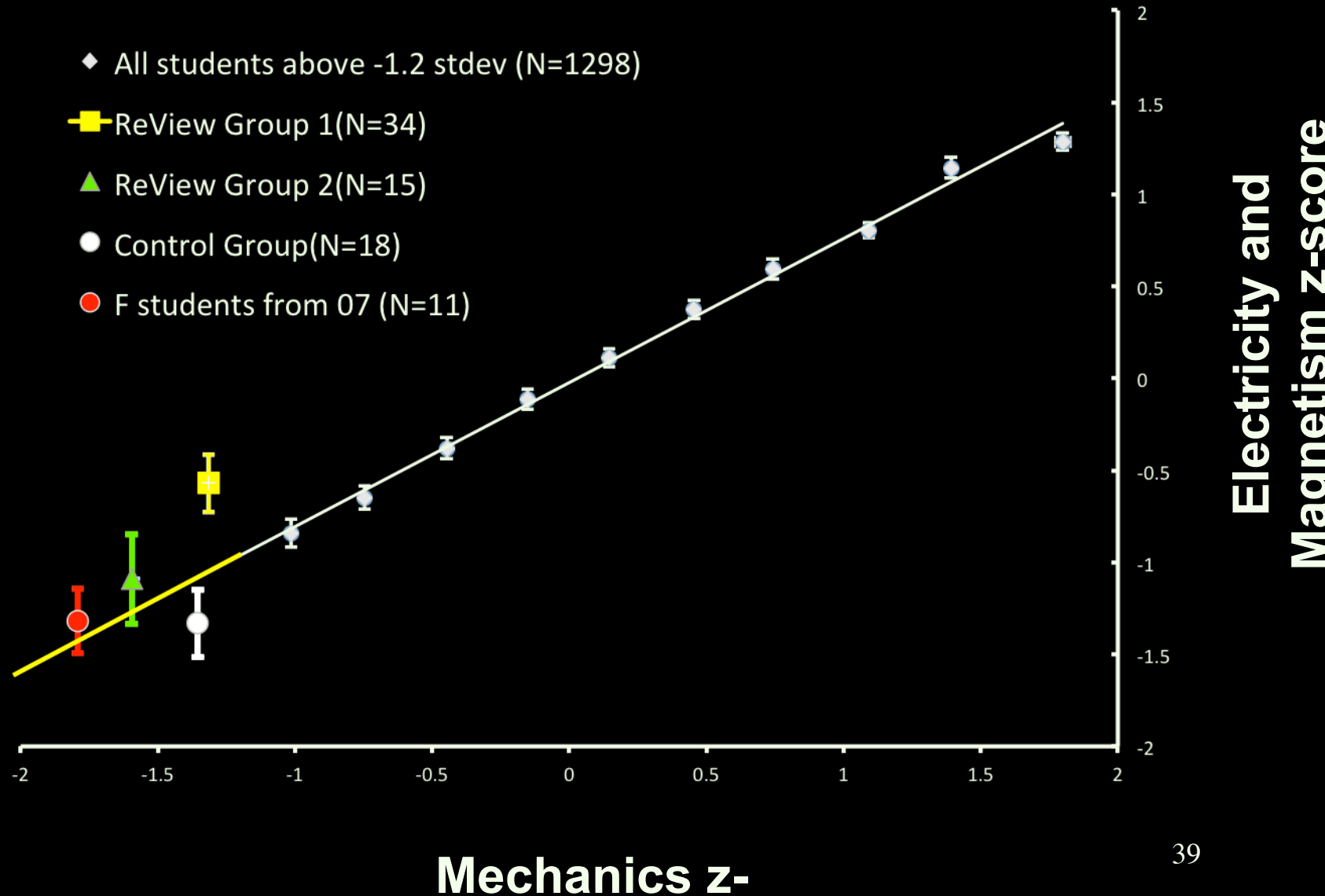
Performance on Fall Final Exam and on IAP Retest



Improved Attitudes



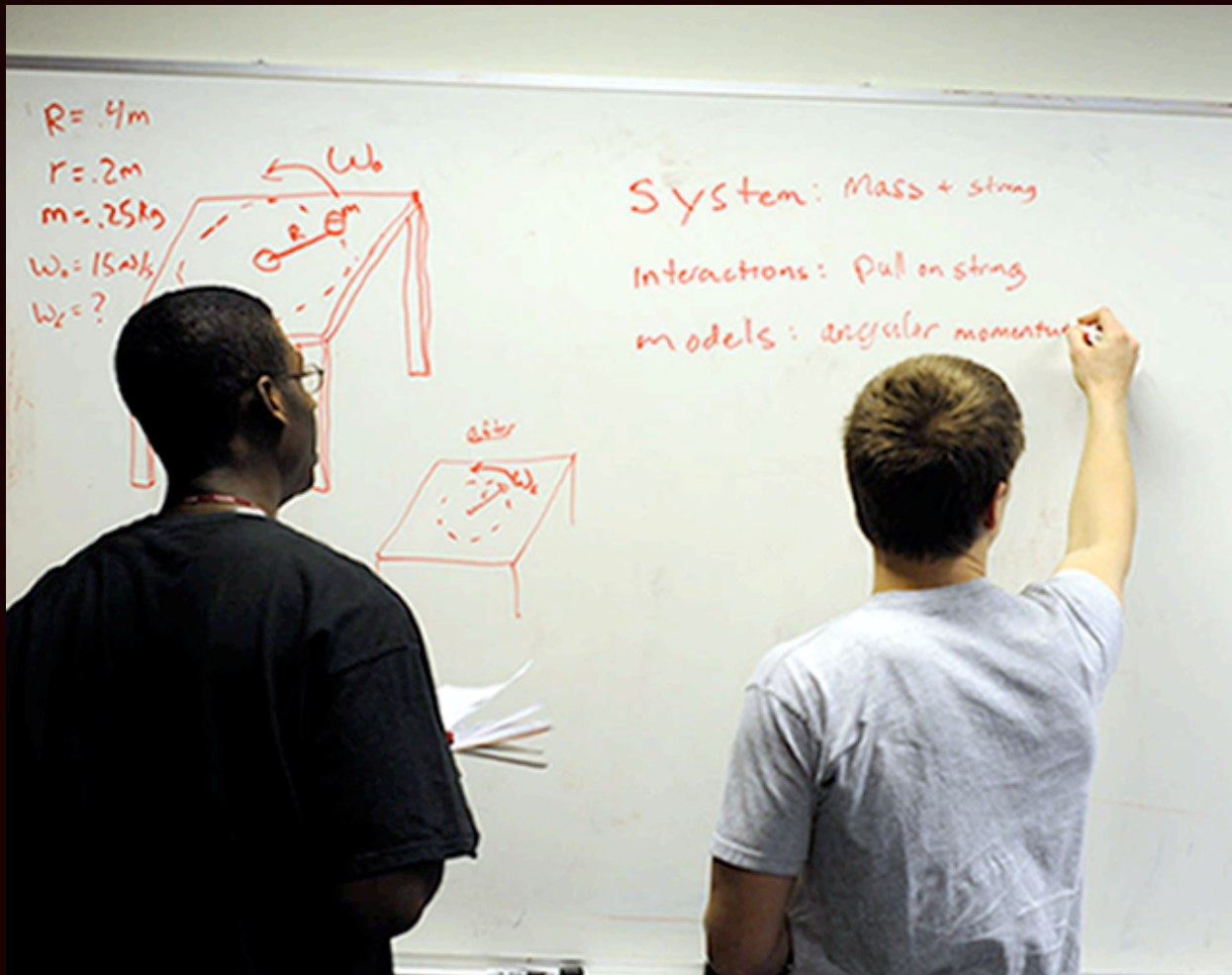
Transfer: Benefit in E&M from



2.5 week ReView for D's in Fall Phys 1

Students worked in groups of 2:

- Individual and On-Board Problem Solving.
- Table activities (4 students per table).



Take Home Lessons

- Partial Credit Grading Rewards Partial Understanding
- MasteringPhysics gives 2 sigma gain on analytic problems
- Homework Copying is Largest Anti-Learning Factor: you MUST and Can Reduce It!
- Seniors Used It or Lost It (~50% or more)
- What to Teach YOUR Students?

Digital Education Future?!

To age 16 in class	➔	Lifelong Anytime/where
Teacher	➔	Coach & Electronic Tutor
Teach a Class	➔	Help Student Learn
Broadcast Radio	➔	Two-way Radio
Passive	➔	Inter-Active
Author	➔	Authors/Researchers
High Stakes Tests	➔	Integrated Assessment
Next Edition	➔	Next Day

Education Improvement

Identify the problem or needed improvement

Plan (with committee?) approach

Modify instructional procedure/material

Survey Student and Staff Approval

Scientific Education Reform

Identify the problem or needed improvement

Plan (with committee?) approach

Modify instructional procedure/material

Survey Student and Staff Approval

Scientific Education Reform

Read the literature

Identify the problem or needed improvement

Plan (with committee?) approach

Modify instructional procedure/material

~~Survey Student and Staff Approval~~

Assess the Outcome

Rethink and Recycle

Publish the New Results